

NOTICE

THE MATTER OF ALTERING
THE AVENUE FROM GARFIELD
AVENUE TO ARTHUR AVENUE
WIDENING THE SAME THIR-
TEEN AND ONE-HALF FEET
THE SOUTHERN R. CO.

REET IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION FROM NEAR THE INTERSECTION OF ARTHUR AND DUCE AVENUES TO THE DOCK E.

councilman of the city of Duluth as
prisoners in condemnation for the
of viewing the premises and as-
the damages which may be occa-
by the taking of private property
purpose of altering Pine avenue
Garfield avenue to Arthur avenue,

[illegible]

Archer avenue aforesaid thirty- and five-feet (35.5) feet to the west of the bridge, and that a new street be laid out and over the following property, to-wit:

at certain piece or parcel of land, covered with water, seventy-five (75) feet wide, and the easterly line of Spruce avenue as in the plat of Rice's Point, according to the records of and in the office of the register of and for the county of St. Louis, Missouri, and the center line of the same as surveyed and established by the United States government, the said center line aforesaid, the center line of said land, or land covered with water, and being such that the center line of the bridge now constructed between Rice's Point, St. Louis, Missouri, and Milwaukee, Wisconsin, by the Duluth-Springfield company, said piece or parcel of land, and the bridge, including more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

beginning at a point on the south-side of Spruce avenue aforesaid at a distance of forty-one and seven-tenths (41.7) feet from the southeasterly line of Archer avenue aforesaid, and extending southeasterly on a line an angle of seventy-six degrees 37 minutes 49 seconds (76 degrees 37 minutes 49 seconds) to the aforesaid southeasterly line of Spruce avenue aforesaid, and ninety-three-hundredths (93) feet, more or less, to the established center line of the

southwesterly along said dock
to a point; thence extending
easterly on a line making an angle
of one hundred and thirty-one
minutes and eleven seconds
with the said dock, for a distance
of eight of the said dock
and thirteen and ninety-three
hundredths of the said dock,
to the easterly line of Spruce
avenue; thence northeasterly along
the easterly line of Spruce
avenue, for a distance of seven
and eight hundredths of
the said place of beginning, and
thence easterly on a line making
an angle of one hundred and
three of the said dock, to the
point of record in the plat
of St. Louis, since of Minn-
neapolis, piece or parcel of land
being at and along the
line at the point of intersection
northeasterly line of Spruce
avenue, the easterly line of
Spruce avenue, formerly Fifth street,
extending southwesterly along
the easterly line of Spruce
avenue, for a distance of
eighty-four and sixty-four
hundredths of the said place
of beginning (84 feet to a point; thence
northeasterly on a line making
an angle of one hundred and three
twentieths of the said dock
with the said dock, for a distance
of one hundred and twenty
and one-tenth (361 feet to a
point); thence easterly along
the southwesterly line of
Spruce avenue, for a distance
of one hundred and thirty
and one-tenth (361 feet to a
point); thence easterly along the said south-

[illegible]

ing at the point of intersection
orthwestly line of Spruce ave-
nue and the present centerline of
avenue, formerly Fifth street,
the southwest corner of the lot
westwesterly line of Spruce avenue
eighty-four and sixty-four
feet by its distance northwesterly
northwesterly on a line mak-
angle of one hundred and three
two tenths degrees, bearing
108 degrees, 22 minutes, 11 sec.
the right of the aforesaid line
to average thirty feet and
and one tenth (36.1) feet to a
the southwesterly line of a
venue, the distance therefrom
northerly along the said south-
westerly line of Spruce avenue
and fifty-six and one-tenth
feet to the place of beginning;

We undersigned have duly qual-
ified commissioners and have en-
tered the discharge their duties as

he has caused a survey and the property proposed to be acquired to be laid out and located on Pine avenue by widening the heretofore described, and for Artur and his wife, which may be affected thereby, to be made by engineer of said city of Duluth said plat, exhibit and map as to the lands or parcels of property to be taken for said purpose, and of which may be thereby.

And whereas such commissions have caused such survey and be filed with the city clerk of Duluth at his office in the said city.

And whereas as such commissions were so filed and at the city hall in said city on Tuesday, the 29th day of August, 1906, in the forenoon, and thereupon on said day, and thence proceed to said premises and to hear any and every offer by the parties and when their said view and forecast shall be concluded, to and to award to each of to be paid to the owner of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for said purpose may be injuriously affected.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 14th, 1906.
A. ROCKWELL,
City Engineer.
W. D. UNDERHILL,
Commissioners.

Attest—100—

and undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and be flooded with the city clerk of Duluth at his office in the city of Duluth, in said State of Minnesota, on said day of Tuesday, the 29th day of August, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the fore-said day, and thence proceed to read said report, and to receive and accept or refuse the same, and to receive and accept or refuse any and all evidence or proof offered by the parties thereto, and when they shall view and be satisfied of the correctness of the same, to assess the amount of the same to be paid to the owner or owners of each of the lots, and to take for the purposes aforesaid, which may be injuriously affected by the same.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 10th, 1896.

W. D. UNDERHILL,
W. F. MCKAY,
W. D. UNDERHILL,
Commissioners.

cc. 47-101

each parcel of property pro-
 posed to be given to the owner
 taken for the purposes afore-
 which may be injuriously affect-
 ed.
 Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1896.
 A. ROCKWELL,
 W. F. McKAY,
 W. D. UNDERHILL,
 Commissioners.
 St. 17-101



STRONGER

Nothing succeeds
like success.
The Gordon hat.

SUFFEL & CO. We Must Have Money!

Special Sale for One Week of MEN'S FINE SHOES LATEST STYLE.

Banister's make of Men's Shoes are the FINEST and BEST made in the world. **Wear the Best.**

BANISTER'S make of Men's \$3.00 Calf-lined Enamel Shoes.	\$5.95
BANISTER'S make of \$5.00 Box Calf Shoes, calf-lined, rope stitch.	\$5.95
BANISTER'S make of \$5.00 Calf-lined Enamel Shoes, bull-dog last.	\$5.95
BANISTER'S make of \$5.00 Patent Leather Shoes, for one week.	\$5.95
BANISTER'S make of heavy sole Calf Shoes, for one week.	\$5.00
Men's heavy Boston last English Grain Calf-lined Shoes.	\$5.00
BANISTER'S make of \$5.00 English Storm Russet Shoes, for one week.	\$5.95

Special Bargains

In Last Season's Styles and Broken Sizes.

NETTLETON'S make of \$7.00 Shoes reduced to.	\$3.48
NETTLETON'S make of \$6.00 Shoes reduced to.	\$2.98
JOHNSON & MURPHY'S make of Men's \$3.00 Patent Leather Shoes, small sizes.	\$2.48
STACY, ADAMS & CO.'S make of Men's \$6.00 Shoes, small sizes.	\$2.48
HALL & GALLAGHER'S make of Men's \$6.00 Calf Shoes, reduced to.	\$3.48

BANISTER'S MAKE of Men's Shoes have received the highest Awards and Gold Medals for excellence in workmanship, etc., at all the World's Fairs during the past fifty years, and are the Highest Grade Shoes made—WEAR THE BEST.

SUFFEL & CO.

FOR RENT CHEAP.....

An 8-room house on West First street, five blocks from Spaulding House; has all modern conveniences, such as water, gas, sewers, bath room, etc., but is heated by stoves.

Inquire Cashier HERALD office, or of A. M. Hayes, of George Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote, Corne, luncheon removed, 3 Phoenix bldg. After Sept. 15 the St. Louis hotel will make special rates for parties desiring board for the winter.

A son presented himself at the home of M. D. Davidson, 121 East Third street, yesterday. The young man weighs ten pounds and three ounces.

In the municipal court this morning John Abrahamson and John Creighton pleaded guilty of drunkenness and were sent up for ten days. A. F. Grignon, who pleaded guilty to the same charge, was let off with a suspended sentence.

A party of West End young folks took a trip up Nonend river Sunday on the yacht Pearl. Mrs. Robert Beatty acted as chaperone. Lunch was served on shore and a jolly time was reported. Those present were: Mrs. R. Beatty, Misses Anna Flood, Emma Voss, of Oshkosh; Helen Lawson, Ella Flood, and Messrs. Miller, Archie Flood, Carl Wetterling, Harry Fraser and Gus Wetterling.

Robert Forbes, of Woodland, was exhibiting some immense heads of cauliflower today. They were raised at Woodland in soil that had never been fertilized.

Tonight, at the Central Towne club headquarters, C. O. Baldwin will answer the arguments of Hon. Benjamin Hutterworth, who talks gold standard at the rate of \$100 a day.

C. S. Wilson, 405 1/2 St. J., and Fred Straube, of Fairbault, rode from Fairbault to Duluth, a distance of 223 miles, in two days, arriving here last evening. They encountered bad roads the last part of the way.

The Railway Non-Partisan Sound Money club was organized at Svea hall last evening. Under the name any true silver man ought to be entitled to join, but it is strictly a gold standard affair. L. H. Robinson was elected president.

H. H. Covert, vice president and M. J. Seabrook, secretary. "Railroad Road" Bulge spoke, which is excellent evidence of the non-partisan character of the club.

Albert Porter, a half breed, who resides in the Fond du Lac Indian reservation, was brought before Judge Curvey last evening charged with introducing liquor on the reservation. He was allowed to go on his own recognizance, and is to appear at the federal court next month.

O. W. Baldwin and S. D. Allen will speak at the Towne club meeting at the Lakeside town hall tomorrow evening. Superintendent H. A. Tuttle of the North American Telegraph company came up from Minneapolis this morning.

John Benson has gone to the rock pile at Inlet. John for long has been a thorn in the side of the police. He is one of the army of gentlemen of leisure who am themselves on the streets all through the summer days and hibernate behind barroom stoves in the winter. He will serve an apprenticeship of twenty days at useful labor.

Margie Smith, daughter of Edward Smith, died yesterday at 2 p. m. The funeral was held today at 2 p. m.

ALL LADIES INVITED

To the Grand Opening of all the latest Novelties in

ART NEEDLEWORK

At Mrs. Franklin Paine's on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. 108 W. Superior St.

DULUTH SUPERIOR FLOUR

It Covers the Field.

Sold by All Leading Grocers.

THE BIDS

Full List of the Proposals For Building the County Road.

P. McDonnell's Bid on the Whole Job is the Lowest.

Board Has a Proposition to Take the Road Bonds.

There were over 100 bids on the Miller trunk road opened and read at the meeting of the county commissioners yesterday afternoon. Some of the bidders made propositions on several sections, some only on one and others bid for the job in a lump. The commissioners have not yet decided whether to let the road as a whole, which is apparently the cheapest, or to let to the lowest bidder on each 5-mile section. A meeting was to be held this afternoon, but it was not expected that any contracts would be let, as the board was to consider in executive session a proposition for the sale of the bonds.

The bids for payment in bonds were all in large, that the commissioners may decide that it will be too expensive to accept any of them, and all will be rejected and the contracts let on a cash basis. That, however, will necessitate the disposal of the bonds, so it may be that no bids will be accepted until the bonds are sold.

P. McDonnell, in addition to putting in bids for each section, and his figure up about \$75,000. C. G. Anderson also bid on each section, and his total offer was about \$80,000 in bonds and 2 per cent off for cash. James Dowling put in a lump-bid of \$66,332 for cash and 2 per cent additional for the bonds. The bids complete were as follows:

Milepost 0 to 5—A. F. Knox, cash, \$528.50; Stephen Thomas, cash, \$497.74; bonds, \$499.50; O. W. Saunders, cash, \$849.40; bonds, \$858.24; Nodine, cash, \$387.50; bonds, \$428.75, with \$1 for loose rock; N. J. Nelson and others, \$10,725.65; C. G. Anderson, cash, \$595.40; bonds, \$571.94; J. L. Leden and others, \$582.10; half cash and half bonds; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$525.85, cash, 2 per cent off; P. McDonnell, cash, \$447.80; bonds, 3 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$310, bonds, 8 per cent additional.

Milepost 5 to 10—Andrew G. Aronson, cash, \$514.24; bonds, \$713.60; E. B. Engren, cash, \$338; bonds, \$628; Andrew Magnusson, cash, \$534.20; N. J. Nelson and others, \$12,378.35; C. G. Anderson, cash, \$490.41; bonds, \$494.90; P. McDonnell, cash, \$448.20; bonds, \$494.85; M. Norris, cash, \$450.

Milepost 10 to 15—Clement Faust, cash, \$781.50; Thomas Hutchinson, cash, \$673.20; Morris Thomas, cash, \$749.32; bonds, \$813.50; Smith & Buchart, cash, \$681.10; bonds, \$769.21; Tremblay & Barton, cash, \$429.20; bonds, \$462.40; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$495.35, 2 per cent off for cash; P. McDonnell, cash, \$688.20; M. Norris, cash, \$679.

Milepost 15 to 20—E. J. Amory, cash, \$574.54; bonds, \$620.72; E. Davis, bonds, \$894.80; cash, \$535.27; bonds, 8 per cent; \$810.40; Anna Fredin, cash, \$576.90; Tremblay & Barton, cash, \$530.35; bonds, \$584.04; Cavasano, cash, \$743.75; bonds, 10 per cent additional; N. J. Nelson and others, \$13,735.00; Gust Johnson, cash, \$542.25; bonds, 15 per cent additional; Gulbrandson & Bro., cash, \$5716; bonds, \$603.50; C. G. Anderson, cash, \$562.25, cash, 5 per cent off; P. McDonnell, cash, \$709.79; bonds, \$780; M. Norris, cash, \$578.50; bonds, 8 per cent additional; Ole Holm, cash, \$14,022.50; bonds, 10 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$881.65; bonds, \$947.80; half cash and half bonds.

Milepost 20 to 25—Andrew Svenson, cash, \$858.65; bonds, \$947.30; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$958, cash, 3 per cent off; King & Steele, cash, \$830.27; bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$649.50; bonds, 8 per cent additional; Michael Norris, cash, \$600, bonds, 8 per cent additional; Ole Holm, cash, \$2,975.50; bonds, 10 per cent additional; W. H. Randall, cash, \$325, bonds, \$375.50; J. C. Anderson, cash, \$702.40.

Milepost 25 to 30—E. J. Amory, cash, \$538.17; bonds, \$588.60; Joseph Sarazin, \$613.25; Gust Johnson, cash, \$706.90; bonds, 15 per cent additional; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$704.00, cash, 2 per cent off; King & Steele, cash, \$766.20; bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$5719; bonds, 8 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$600, bonds, 8 per cent additional.

Milepost 30 to 35—Stephen Thomas, cash, \$775.82; bonds, \$843.50; Gust Johnson, cash, \$679.50; bonds, 15 per cent additional; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$914.00, cash, 3 per cent off; King & Steele, cash, \$687.90; bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$507.40; bonds, 8 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$580, bonds, 8 per cent additional.

Milepost 35 to 40—Morris Thomas, cash, \$11,064.15; bonds, \$12,293.50; J. A. Blawie, cash, \$606; J. A. McDevitt, cash, \$555; bonds, \$943.30; McCraig & Gordon, bonds, \$1,574.95; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$944.81; cash, 2 per cent off; G. F. King, cash, \$582.85; bonds, 8 per cent additional; King & Steele, cash, \$902.35; bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$771.12; E. J. Amory, bonds, \$880.60; cash, 5 per cent off; J. A. Roble, bonds, \$933; G. M. Wood, cash, \$781.66; bonds, \$773.92; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$812.36; cash, 2 per cent off; King & Steele, cash, \$697.74; bonds, 8 per cent additional; Hugh Steele, cash, \$730.32; bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$577.24; bonds, 8 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$6150; bonds, 8 per cent additional.

Milepost 40 to 45—P. J. Drummond, cash, \$1,092.62; Peter Drummond, cash, \$601.00; Stephen Thomas, cash, \$682.42; bonds, \$746.50; C. H. Chadron, cash, \$697; bonds, \$597; C. A. McCann, cash, \$693; C. G. Anderson, bonds, \$578.20; cash, 2 per cent off; King & Steele, cash,

\$528.20, bonds, 8 per cent additional; P. McDonnell, cash, \$478.80, bonds, 8 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$500, bonds, 8 per cent additional; John Howberg, cash, \$504.50, bonds, 10 per cent additional.

Milepost 45 to 50—A. G. Aronson, cash, \$594.15; bonds, \$583.50; P. McDonnell, cash, \$1802, bonds, 8 per cent additional; M. Norris, cash, \$1900, bonds, 8 per cent additional.

HIED THEMSELVES HENCE.

Bondholders' Representatives Have Left the City.

Messrs. Phelps and Macdonald, representing the Duluth Gas and Water company bondholders, left for Chicago this afternoon, after a very pleasant stay here, as they say. They have been putting in the time making the acquaintance of Duluth people, viewing the wholesale establishments, elevators, etc., and between the expressions of admiration called forth by what they saw, dropping reasonable remarks as to the expediency of getting pure water at the earliest possible date, to accomplish which, of course, there could be no other way than to purchase the existing plant. When the remark was made to Mr. Phelps today that, beautiful as is the autumn season in Duluth, it could hardly be on that account alone that he had tarried so long, that gentleman half closed his eyes and remarked that he and Mr. Macdonald were just like anybody else in seeking to sell, they believed in sticking close to the prospective customer.

I go to Chicago to qualify to vote for McKinley," said Mr. Phelps, as he waved his hand in adieu.

NOTICE.

In answer to a display notice in The Herald of last evening, the managers of the Republican campaign wish to say:

First—That any gentleman of whatever political party is welcome to our headquarters.

Second—That anyone, whether Republican, Democrat or Populist, who cannot conduct business as gentlemen are requested to stay away.

Third—That a full and free discussion of the political questions of the day in a gentlemanly manner is invited.

Fourth—We do not invite either Democrats or Populists who have been in the habit of abusing our headquarters with the full purpose of creating a disturbance, and we serve notice now that any further attempt of that kind will be promptly dealt with.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

PERSONALS.

A. S. Hamilton went to Chicago this afternoon, and from there will go to British Columbia, to spend the winter.

Mrs. Thomas Green, of Escanaba, Mich., is the guest of Mrs. William Miss. Miss Grady, of Marquette, Mich., returned home yesterday after a week's visit with Mrs. Charles H. Merritt, of Highland Park.

W. J. Ellison, assistant cashier of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, spent Sunday in the city.

John Graw, W. B. Satterlee and F. B. Praso, of Minneapolis, are at the Spaulding.

W. M. Tenney, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

H. W. Braden came up from Minneapolis this morning.

John Fenton, of Buffalo, is at the Spaulding.

S. G. Kies, of Cleveland, is in the city.

P. Mitchell came down from Hibbing yesterday.

A. Loomis, of Viola, Wis., is in the city.

A. Gowan, of Cloquet, was here last evening.

W. N. Severance, of Appleton, is at the Spaulding.

Honry Nieuwstadt returned from the East today.

W. M. Dana, of Ripon, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

John T. Johnson, of Fergus Falls, is in the city.

J. G. LaSalle, of Chicago, who will speak here this evening, arrived in the city yesterday.

F. W. Bangs, of Greenfield, Mass., is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. A. Strong and Mrs. H. Mepharm, of St. Louis, Mo., mother and aunt of Mrs. S. G. Brown, are visiting her at the Buffalo hotel.

LADIES OF DULUTH AND SUPERIOR.

Madame Beugle will show at her millinery opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 24, 25 and 26, the largest assortment of French patterns in the city. A cordial invitation to all. 123 West Superior street.

At the Pavilion.

Last night another big audience laughed and laughed at "The Worried Fairness," the new farce comedy in three acts. There is no question but that this piece has established itself as a remarkably successful farce comedy. The situations would bring laughter from a statue. The piece will be given again tonight, and no doubt the farce company will give the best production of it they have yet given. But a few days remain to see this excellent company, and judging from the splendid audience last night, the people of Duluth will flock to the Pavilion in hundreds the remainder of the week.

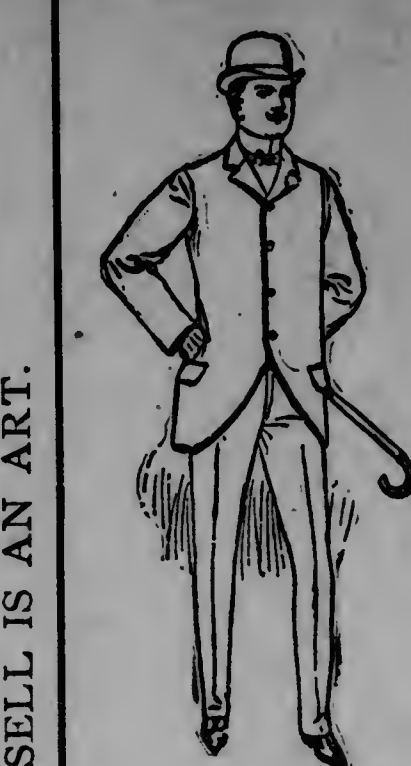
Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

READY TAILOR MADE SUITS SAME AS SWELL TAILORS BUILD.



THIS MAKING CLOTHING LIKE THE KIND WE SELL IS AN ART.

THAT AUTHORITATIVE

TONE THAT PERVADES THE HANDIWORK OF THE ARTIST TAILOR IS LACKING IN THE ORDINARY READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS BECAUSE TAILORS ARE NOT EMPLOYED IN THEIR MAKING. IT IS DIFFERENT WITH THE OVERCOATS AND SUITS AS WELL AS TOPCOATS AND CYCLE CLOTHES THAT WE OFFER. ALL THAT CORRECT FASHION DEMANDS IS IN THE FABRIC, THE STYLE AND THE MAKE.

HERE THE WORK OF THE CUSTOM TAILOR STANDS OUT BOLDLY. A BURROWS GARMENT IS A CUSTOM TAILOR MADE GARMENT AT A CLOTHIER'S PRICE. THE RUSH FOR CHEAP STUFF HAS NOT DETERRED US IN OUR EFFORTS TO SELL THE BEST CLOTHES IN THE WORLD. WE HAVE NOT BEEN BLIND TO THE FACT THAT LOW PRICES MUST PREVAIL. SO TO HIGH CLASS MERCHANDISE WE HAVE WEDDED LOW PRICE. THOUSANDS OF GOOD DRESSERS IN OUR CITY NOW WEAR OUR CLOTHES, WHICH IS A SPLENDID ARGUMENT THAT THEY'RE RIGHT. IN CLOTHES ASSUREDLY THE KIND BURROWS SELLS HAVE NO SUPERIOR.

M. S. BURROWS,

Purveyor of Good Clothes, Corner Third Avenue West and Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

MAIL ORDERS ARE CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY FILLED.

NEWS-TRIBUNE SUE.

A. F. Hammond Claims to Have Advanced Money.

A. F. Hammond, formerly manager of the News Tribune, has begun suit against the News Tribune company to recover \$1185 alleged to be due. He claims to have loaned the paper \$1500 between Dec. 25, 1895, and June 10, 1896, of which no part has been paid except \$315. Cash, Williams & Chester are the attorneys.

FOR RENT.

Work on the Track and Building is Progressing.

The work that has been accomplished at the new West End fair ground is little short of phenomenal. Work on the track was begun last Tuesday, and if at that time bets on its completion by fair time had been offered there would have been many takers. Notwithstanding this, the track is graded, and now only needs more rolling and scraping. Last evening a blizzard could be ridden around it. It was a little heavy, but this can easily be fixed in two or three days. It is a very fine track, one of the prettiest, half-mile courses in the Northwest.

The work on the grand stand and building and the stables is also progressing rapidly, and they will be in shape in a very few days. The main building is large and roomy, and will be well lighted. On the roof is built the grand stand, and it will seat about 2000 people. The premium list is out and is a large one. It ought to attract a large number of visitors.

FOR RENT.

Three 8-room houses, modern in every particular, three blocks from business center. Steam range in each house. Will rent till May 1 way below rock bottom price.

A. M. HAYES, 106 Providence Building.

Congressman Hartman's Dates.

Congressman Hartman, the brilliant Montana silver man, will arrive here Thursday and will speak that evening at West Duluth. He will spend all of next week in this county and will speak at the following places: Monday at Hibbing; Tuesday at Virginia; Wednesday at Eveleth; Thursday at Ely; Friday at Tower; Saturday at Two Harbors.

Died in California.

Charles H. Wall, brother of Whitney Wall, of this city, died Sunday at Alameda, Cal., at the age of 41 years. Mr. Wall was born and raised in Milwaukee, but removed to California some years ago, where he engaged in the newspaper business, and at the time of his death he was editor of a paper at Alameda. He had been poor health for some time, and his death was not altogether unexpected. The deceased leaves a wife and one child. The remains will be placed in a vault at Alameda and later will be brought to Milwaukee for final interment.

2000 to 1—Gold and Silver.

That is the kind of tons I give, and that is the kind of money I take for the best coal in the city. I deliver trucks for 20 cents. George W. Strayer, agent, 210 West Superior street, Tel. 601.

FOR RENT.

At the Fair Grounds.

The work that has been accomplished at the new West End fair ground is little short of phenomenal. Work on the track was begun last Tuesday, and if at that time bets on its completion by fair time had been offered there would have been many takers. Notwithstanding this, the track is graded, and now only needs more rolling and scraping. Last evening a blizzard could be ridden around it. It was a little heavy, but this can easily be fixed in two or three days. It is a very fine track, one of the prettiest, half-mile courses in the Northwest.

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For Rent.

My furnished house for the winter. Inquire of J. P. Gordon, 1324 East First street.

Public Stenographer.

C. R. Smith, 113 Chamber of Commerce.

Storm Sash.

Now is the time to order to avoid the rush. D. E. Holsten & Co.'s office, Third avenue east and Michigan street. Factory, West Duluth.

For pictures and frames call on us and save money. C. Decker, 905 West Michigan street.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

When you read? Can you see your friends across the street? In fact, you don't see them? If you have any idea that your eyes are weak and failing day by day, be wise and see

F. D. DAY & CO.'S OPTICIAN.

315 West Superior Street.

THE PAVILION. (Perfectly Toned) TONIGHT

The "Worried Partners," by the Faislat Company.

LAST WEEK OF THIS COMPANY. 10c, 15c, 25c. Seats at Boyce's Drug Store.

Only One Cent per Copy

Until further notice, this will be the price of the daily

NEW YORK JOURNAL AND WORLD

—AT— LUNDBERG & STONE'S NEWS STAND,

223 West Superior Street.

Headquarters for all popular and reliable newspapers in the world. Special rates on regular subscriptions and prompt delivery guaranteed.

TEETH FILLED & EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN

SCHIFFMANT DENTIST

WOODBRIDGE BLK. 100 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

AN OCEAN BATH AT HOME!

A thing of delight and joy forever.

A bag of Genuine Sea Salt at Boyce's Drug Store for 25c

Enough for six delightful baths. Try one bath and be convinced of its elegant luxuriance.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

Sept. 21 to 26 inclusive, Milwaukee and return, \$11.30; good returning 28th. Tickets at 401 West Superior street, corner Park radio building.

The Ideal Restaurant, 207 West Superior St.

During the Oyster Season

We will make the following special prices:

Oyster Stew half doz 20c

Oyster Stew one doz 40c

Raw half doz 20c

Raw one doz 40c

OUR SPECIAL BREAKFAST DISHES—

Choice Oysters, with pure maple syrup and coffee, 10c

Wheat Cakes with pure Maple Syrup and coffee, 10c

HALEY & KNICKERBOCKER Proprietors.

...Men's Clothing



It isn't enough that clothes look well when you buy them.

Will they continue to look well?

That's the question. Yes, if they're tailored well and if the fabrics are of all-wool and have withstood the test that time and color.

We look out for a chat.

Here a dozen styles of New Fall Suits at \$10.00 to \$15.00. The store full of Fall Cloth by all-wool, fast color and rigorously tailored.

Clay Worsteds, Blue, Black and Brown Serges, Blue and Black Cheviots, Cassimeres, Homespuns, Fancy Worsteds—and the price—\$10.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

BIG DULUTH

125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.



Bargains in.....

STERLING SILVER, RICH CUT GLASS.

JOS. M. GEIST, Jeweler, Exclusive Agents for LIBBEY, ESTABLISHED 1882.

Can supply anything in office stationery and typewriter supplies. Call if you wish these goods.

Engraving in New Styles, Low Prices. **ALBERTSON,** HOTEL ST. LOUIS BLOCK.

American Stove Repair Co. Established 1900. Now is the time to have your STOVES, RANGES AND FURNACES Overhauled and Repaired.

Don't wait till the cold weather reminds you of it. Orders promptly attended to. Castings on hand for a good many makes. 118 East Superior Street.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT & POWER CO., Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.

Offices:

Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1890. T. W. HOOPES

Mendenhall & Hoopes, FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

\$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

28 Cents Per Dozen. **CUT ROSES** Or 2 doz for 50 Cents

For Thursday 5000 Fresh Cut Roses, only 28c a doz or 2 doz for 50c.

PANTON & WHITE GLASS BLOCK.

Don't Intrude!

Patronize the man who advertises. You do not visit your neighbors unless asked to, and do not attend a party or wedding without an invitation; then why should you intrude on the privacy of a storekeeper without an invitation? Buy of the live business man who not only invites you to come and see him every day, but educates and keeps you posted on what is popular in his line of goods—Exchange.

D. B. HILL

So Far Has Directed the New York Democratic Committee.

But a Big Dispute Is on Among the Notification Committee.

Trouble Is Expected Monday Night Unless Thacher Explains His Position.

New York, Sept. 23.—There is a difference of opinion among members of the state Democratic committee as to the significance of the resolution adopted at last night's meeting, creating a committee of five to visit Mr. Thacher, the nominee for governor. Norton Chase, Mr. Thacher's friend and sponsor, said: "The text of the resolution has been misquoted. It simply called for the committee to go to Albany and notify Mayor Thacher of his nomination. It is not a pumping committee in any sense of the word."

Norman E. Mack and State Committee member Smith, of Buffalo, were asked what their views were. Mr. Smith, who voted on the resolution, said: "It was clearly the intent of the resolution and it was so stated that the committee go to Albany and get a clear statement of Mr. Thacher's attitude toward the Chicago platform. It was with that understanding that we voted and the fact that the committee is to go on Friday and report back on Monday night is sufficient proof of that. It certainly has nothing to do with the thing since we passed it, why, we will find out on Monday."

Chairman Daugherty said that it was not true, as stated in a local paper, that Mr. Hill had said that he would withdraw the Democratic party in 1911, then on the Chicago platform, and Mr. Hill corroborated this. Senator Hill said to an Associated Press reporter today: "The final outcome of the meeting of the committee last night was a victory for those who are anxious to preserve our state organization, no matter what the divisions may be up to national issues. It was a victory for those who do not believe that a man is not a good party man unless he swallows everything, or cannot stand upon a platform unless he believes in every statement in it unconditionally. The resolution adopted tonight is a purpose of sending a committee to see Mr. Thacher as to his views in unqualifiedly clear language."

"The resolution adopted was the usual one, and merely asks that a committee be appointed to notify the candidates on the state ticket of their nomination, and that such committee report back to the state committee at a meeting to be held Monday, Sept. 25, as a result of its action."

"Now," said Senator Hill, "that means just what it says, and it took the place of all other resolutions. The committee has no power to project its views as Mr. Thacher, but merely to announce to him his nomination. He will do the talking," and Senator Hill smiled a satisfied smile.

The clerk and secretary of the committee later verified the text of the resolution as given by Senator Hill. There were only two votes against it and Senator Grady not voting. While the indications are that the committee thus far controlled the action of the state committee, it is possible there may be trouble at the meeting Monday unless by that time Mr. Thacher shall have made his position clear.

GOLDBUG ITINERANTS.

Late War Generals Well Received at Madison.

Madison, Wis., Sept. 23.—The cortege of soldier missionaries who are making a tour of Wisconsin this week in the interest of the gold bug standard, Gen. Sickles, Gen. Howard, Governor Alger and Corporal Tanner, arrived at Madison this morning and addressed an audience of 3000 at the University Armory building at 10:30. Upon arrival at 9 a. m. they were given an informal reception by Governor Upham, and so great was the crush that all did not have opportunity to shake hands with them before the time for speaking arrived.

At 10 a procession was formed for the march to the armory, a mile away, and notwithstanding the early hour the parade was a mile in length. The speakers rode in a carriage accompanied by Governor Upham and members of the reception committee, and escorted by 2000 soldier veterans marching on foot, followed by the Sound Money club of the Paler & Johnson and Gisholt manufacturing plants, ward clubs and delegates from the surrounding country. As the parade approached the armory a salute of thirteen guns was fired.

Senator Vilas presided at the meeting, and in opening made a brief but stirring speech. This afternoon the party left to continue the tour through the North and West, speaking at La Crosse this evening.

RUSSIAN STEAMSHIP LINES. St. Petersburg, Sept. 23.—It is understood here that the Russian government is negotiating with the Russian government for the establishment of a rapid steamship service between San Francisco and Vladivostok. In connection with the above statement it is said that a French cable company is being formed, supported by the minister of commerce, to run regular steamship service between Dunkirk and Vladivostok.

BEAVER FALLS CHOSEN. Youngstown, O., Sept. 23.—At this morning's session of the United Presbyterian church of the West, it was decided to hold the next synod in Beaver Falls, Pa., on the fourth Monday in September, 1910.

MARTIAL LAW.
Will Be Applied to Leadville Rioters.

Denver, Sept. 23.—At 7 o'clock Governor McIlwain sent a telegram of instructions to Gen. Brooks at Leadville, giving that officer full power to act as his representative in suppressing rioting in that city and district. Gen. Brooks is specifically instructed to permit no interference from any source whatever, and to act with or without the cooperation of the local authorities. Lieut. Byram, the United States officer attached to the governor's staff, was with him when the telegram was being drawn up, and on being asked if it gave Gen. Brooks military power sufficient to enforce martial law, replied that it did practically amount to martial law. No further violence has been reported at Leadville since it is known that more than 500 new model Winchester rifles are in the possession of the rioters, as well as large supplies of dynamite. Great fears are entertained by both the citizens and the military. To give Gen. Brooks the full support of the entire state military force, Governor McIlwain has sent orders to the Second regiment of Colorado infantry, stationed at Lake City and one at Mont Vista, to proceed at once to Leadville. This will place at the general's immediate disposal 850 soldiers, including the Chaffee light artillery with Gatling guns and also the Denver city troop of cavalry.

A NIGHT ATTACK.
Soldiers at Leadville Are Wide Awake.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 23.—An attack was made presumably by the strikers, or their sympathizers, just before dawn today upon the Leadville waterworks, located in California gulch, about two miles from town. A guard of thirty soldiers had been stationed at the works. About 5 a. m. the pickets saw a dash on a distant hill, supposed to have been a sign of attack, and a little later one of the sentries saw dark forms crawling up the hill. He halted them and was answered by a shot. Several scattering shots were fired, but the attacking party, finding the guard well awake, drew off without any injury being done on either side, so far as known. No hostile demonstration has occurred in town.

ARRESTS AT LEADVILLE.
Miners' Union Officials Are Placed in Jail.

Leadville, Sept. 23.—Warrants have been issued for twenty-five men, including the president, secretary and executive committee. Three of the men have been taken in jail. They are E. J. Dewar, secretary; Eugene Gannon, member of the executive committee; and Gomer Richards, a member of the union, who does not hold an official position.

The officials refuse to say on just what grounds the action is taken partly on information and partly on suspicion. The prisoners were taken to the jail and the sheriff will not allow them to be interviewed.

MINNESOTA FOR BRYAN.

John Day Smith So Assures Senator Faulkner.

Washington, Sept. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Senator John Day Smith, of Minneapolis, was a caller at the Democratic and Populist headquarters today and in a chat with Senator Faulkner declared that Minnesota was safe for Bryan.

A vigorous attempt has been made by the banks, railroads and corporations to coerce their employees into voting the gold ticket," he said, "but the subject and will vote for Bryan and silver in the face of the threats of these employers."

RAILROAD AGENTS.

Advanced Powers Given on Stickney's Road.

St. Paul, Sept. 23.—Again the Great Western comes to the front with an innovation in conducting transportation business. The innovation is set forth in the following circular, which appeared today over the signature of C. Shields, general superintendent: "G. M. Jordan is hereby appointed business agent of this company at Kansas City, Mo., with office at 7 West Ninth street. He will have charge of the company's business at Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kans., and will have complete jurisdiction over all employees of the company in the cities named, excepting employees of the mechanical and maintenance of way departments. Effective Oct. 1, 1910."

Mr. Jordan's jurisdiction will be greater than that of a division superintendent, and if the experiment made through his agency is successful, will be no greater proportionately than that of all other agents of the company at large cities. If the experiment the Great Western will make at Kansas City on Oct. 1 will be successful and the management has every reason to believe it will be, the railroad agent of the future will be one of the most important, most responsible and best paid officials on the road. The railroad agent has always been a great problem with managers because of his diversified attainments and responsibilities and extremely curtailed authority.

KILLED BY A TRAIN. Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 23.—Dr. John C. Sackville, aged 82 years, once a skilled surgeon and eminent physician, was struck by a Baltimore & Ohio train at Washington, Pa., today and instantly killed. Dr. Sackville was a cousin of Lord Sackville West, formerly English ambassador at Washington, D. C., and a brother-in-law of the English poet Robert Carr Foster.

BEAVER FALLS CHOSEN. Youngstown, O., Sept. 23.—At this morning's session of the United Presbyterian church of the West, it was decided to hold the next synod in Beaver Falls, Pa., on the fourth Monday in September, 1910.

READING

Big Railroad Property Sold at Philadelphia Depot This Morning.

Reorganization Committee Purchased It Through J. P. Morgan & Co.

Price Paid Was \$4,500,000 For the Entire Corporation Property.

Philadelphia, Sept. 23.—All of the assets of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company, and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company, which are in the hands of the receivers of the Reading company, were sold today at public auction to C. H. Coser, a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, who represent the reorganization committee, for \$4,500,000. Among those present were Joseph Harris, of the Philadelphia & Reading company; J. L. Lohr, one of the receivers; Col. J. Boyd, one of the managers of the road; Judge Campbell, general solicitor of the Reading company; P. Whitridge, and F. L. Stetson, of New York; George F. Harp, of Reading; L. Cleiman, trust officer of the Pennsylvania company for granting annuities, and Samuel Dickson and Thomas Hart, Jr., counsel for the receivers.

The sale took place in the old Philadelphia & Reading depot at Thirteenth and Callowhill streets. The assets were divided into three parcels: First, the shares and bonds, pledged as collateral security, until the terms of an agreement dated January 2, 1902, for the payment of an issue of \$10,000,000 of first mortgage bonds. This parcel amounted to \$15,844,500. C. H. Coser bid \$3,000,000 for the parcel. The right to knock the property down to the bidder was reserved until a bid for the whole was made.

The second parcel amounted to \$23,257,250, included stocks and bonds owned by the Philadelphia & Reading company, and the coal and iron company, all subject to pledges. Mr. Coser bid \$3,000,000. There was no other bidder.

Parcel number three, all the right, title and interest of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company, of, in and to two certain bonds of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company, dated Jan. 1, 1874, for the principal sum of \$30,000,000, and the other dated Dec. 28, 1874, for the principal sum of \$10,000,000. Advance in our wash goods selling—because we have the assortment and are selling the lowest.

10c Snow White Cotton Batts..... 6c
36 in. Silklines, seconds, for Comforters..... 9 1/2c
16 ounce White Cotton Batts..... 12 1/2c
36 in. English Percales, remnants..... 4 1/2c
10c Fast Black Sateen..... 4 1/2c
12 1/2c New Dress Gingham..... 6c
New Fall Crepons..... 6c

Just as Mr. Coser was about to bid parcel number two, Robert L. Lucas, of New York, representing H. R. Green, arose and protested against the sale, on the ground that it was illegal. The protest was laid on the auctioneer's table and the sale proceeded without further interruption.

The Pennsylvania & Reading railroad property, which is subject to the general mortgage, was sold at noon. It was divided into three parcels, as described in the paragraph that it was illegal. The first parcel, as described, was of \$4,785,173.15. The first parcel was knocked down to Mr. Coser for \$7,500,000. The second parcel, which was to secure obligations amounting to \$12,500,000, went to the same gentleman for a like sum. The third parcel, which was also bought by Mr. Coser for \$1,000,000.

Prior to the sale of the third parcel, counsel for Mrs. Green entered a protest against the sale of the property. The second parcel, as subject to two mortgages, one of \$18,000 given by the coal and iron company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company, and another of \$100,000 given by the coal and iron company, was knocked down by J. P. Morgan & Co. to bind the sale.

Today's sale was the largest of the kind that has ever been placed in this country, not excepting the Northern Pacific sale. The par value of the property of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron company, estimated at \$23,257,250. The outstanding indebtedness amounts to about \$5,000,000, on which there is unpaid interest amounting to \$600,000. The total amount of the sale today was \$20,500,000.

NO POLICE OR MONEY.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, in a Queer Predicament.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, Sept. 23.—All city policemen have been released for want of money to pay the sheriff for their keeping. The entire police force was discharged for the same reason, and the city is now left without any protection whatever, save that of the mayor and marshal.

The city has been without a saloon nine years, but last night the council voted to leave the question of their return to a vote of the people. The action of the aldermen has created much indignation.

Panton & White, Glass Block Store.

It's not so much what's in the ad as what's behind the ad that the public cares for. Behind all our ads is our guarantee, and you can rely on the values being fully equal to what we claim for them. That is why the public respond to and have confidence in our advertisements.

Those Thursday Bargains

Will further prove the truth of the above statements.

Dress Goods Selling. Tomorrow's selling is bound to make many new friends for this great Dress Goods store, all our newest, freshest, most fashionable fabrics at prices that do not come elsewhere until season's end. Tomorrow half the cash you've appropriated for that spring dress will do the work.

50c Serge 25c—A car load of new fall Serges, all wool, both warp and filling finished alike on both sides, the best dress fabric for children's school dresses, ladies' house gowns, etc., in black, two shades navy, two browns, two greens, cardinal, etc., a 25c quality, Thursday..... 25c

75c Dress Fabrics 48c—The wonder of the season. New Scotch Plaid for children's school dresses and ladies' waists, two-toned Donatus fancies, new Scotch and English Suitings and a beautiful line of Jamestown dress goods, sold by our competitors at 75c, on sale Thursday at..... 48c

Extra Special—A prodigious pile of black and colored dress goods in every conceivable color and color combination, foreign fabrics of exclusive design, domestic weaves in rough, smooth and fancy weaves, all wool and silk and wool, 50 inches, 48 inches and 46 inches wide, others charge \$1 and \$1.25 a yard, on sale Thursday at..... 75c

Black Goods—Special. 62-inch Waterproof Cravette, 52-inch French Serge, 50-inch Figured Novelty, all black, 50-inch Black Boucle (for skirts and wraps), 42-inch French Fringe, 42-inch English Boucle, and H. Priestley & Co.'s new fall dress goods in endless variety. \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 quantities, for Thursday at..... \$1.00

Wash Goods. In good weather and bad, every day shows remarkable advances in our wash goods selling—because we have the assortment and are selling the lowest.

10c Snow White Cotton Batts..... 6c
36 in. Silklines, seconds, for Comforters..... 9 1/2c
16 ounce White Cotton Batts..... 12 1/2c
36 in. English Percales, remnants..... 4 1/2c
10c Fast Black Sateen..... 4 1/2c
12 1/2c New Dress Gingham..... 6c
New Fall Crepons..... 6c

Gloak and Fur Department.

Gigantic display of fall and winter garments right up to date in style, perfect in fit, made of the finest material. We'll promise you the best values it has ever been your good fortune to see. Come and be convinced.

100 fine Cheviot Jackets, made with the new shield front, large storm collar, perfect fitting, would be cheap at \$6, Thursday only..... \$3.98

100 heavy Boucles and Kerseys, with large storm collar, the new Franklin front, would be cheap at \$8.50, Thursday only..... \$5.00

100 fine Persian Jackets, lined throughout with fancy lining, the new diagonal front, nobly, would be cheap at \$14.00, Thursday only..... \$9.48

100 Double Capes, made of beaver, very nicely trimmed, would be cheap at \$5.00, Thursday only..... \$3.75

100 Children's Jackets with braided collars, new sleeve, new back, perfect fitting, would be cheap at \$3.50, Thursday only..... \$2.69

50 dozen Ladies' Fancy Brocaded Corsets in a large variety of colors, very heavily staid and boned, would be cheap at 98c, all to go at..... 49c

Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' black cotton Hose, double fleece lined, full, seamless and fast black, worth 25c, Thursday's special..... 15c

Ladies' heavy lamb's wool black Hose, 4x1 rib or plain, regular made, worth 35c, Thursday's special..... 25c

Ladies' fine English Cashmere Wool Hose, heavy, soft, elastic, with double sole, high spliced heel, worth 50c, Thursday's special..... 39c

Ladies' Silver Gray Jersey Veils and Pants, heavily fleeced, worth 25c, Thursday's special..... 25c

Ladies' "Jaeger Mix" Jersey Vests, extra fine quality stock, fleece lined, pants made with French yoke band, worth 75c, Thursday's special..... 59c

No extra price for extra sizes.

Ladies' "Florence" or "Onetia" patent Combination Suits, crew or silver gray, worth 75c, Thursday's special..... 50c

Ladies' best quality Australian lamb's wool Underwear, heavy weight, natural or camel's hair, sizes 30 to 42, worth \$1.25, Thursday's special..... \$1.00

Ladies' Collarettes.

100 Ladies' Lace Collarettes, finest and noblest designs, would be cheap at \$1.00 each..... 69c

Ladies' Black Neck Ruches. A complete line now open, worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per pair, Thursday..... 99c

100 dozen Ladies' all wool Cashmere Gloves, good 25c quality, per pair..... 15c

Umbrellas.

Just received 100 twilled Gloria Silk Umbrellas for ladies, as good as advertised elsewhere as being worth \$1.50 each, for Thursday..... 85c

Glove Dept.

To close an odd lot of gloves, worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per pair, Thursday..... 99c

100 dozen Ladies' all wool Cashmere Gloves, good 25c quality, per pair..... 15c

Panton & White.

One Cent a Word.

ences, 423 East First street.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS Also front room with alcove, desirable for man and wife or three gentlemen, with

FOR RENT—ROOMS UPSTAIRS. Will
rent for light housekeeping. Inquire
Evenings at 502 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM

FINELY FURNISHED ROOM. STEAM
heat. Lowell block.

TWO FLATS FOR RENT. ONE IN THE Adams and one in the St. Elmo. Apply at 309 Providence building.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOM FLATS, all modern conveniences. G. M. Baldwin, 3 West Superior street.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD modern conveniences. Mrs. M. L. Bralor, 313 West Sand Street.

ROOM AND BATH AT REASONABLE rates, 127 First avenue west.

BOARDERS WANTED.

BEST WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD

LOST.
Lost, reasonable rates. All
Second.

LOST.
LOST—LADY'S PEARL PIN ON S
day. Finder will be rewarded by
turning to Ixion, Herald.

FOUND.
FOUND—M. Y. C. badge. Owner o
obtain same at Herald office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAPES WORMS—AN INFALLIBLE
cure and safe removal guaranteed
very low cost. No danger, no deten
for business; no matter what
references given if required. Address
P. O. Box 102, Duluth, Minn.

INSTRUCTION.
INSTRUCTION GIVEN IN EMBROID
CRAFT. Also some pieces of embroidery

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.
Duluth Loan and Land company to
Michigan Investment company,
lots 65, 67, 69, 71, block 58, Duluth

proper, Third division.....	\$ 11.
Mary Vail to Nicholas Walch, lands in section 33-63-12, 28-63-12..	6.
E. H. Wills to C. F. Hahn et al, in West Duluth; Hunter's Grassy Point addition; Hunter's Grassy Point addition, Second division:	

addition; Oakland Park addition
22-51-14 10
Note: Harwood to Thomas Harul-

Kate Rawwood to Thomas Ham-	6
bal. in 28-59-14.....	
Total	\$ 34

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION

COURT APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.
 State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
 In Probate Court, Special Term, S. S.
 In the matter of the estate of Samuel
 On receiving and filing the petition
 of Louis, representing among other things
 the estate of the said Samuel, deceased,
 of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Min-
 nesota, on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1886,
 died intestate, and being an infant, and
 having no heirs, and no next of kin, and
 leaving no issue, and no other person
 entitled to the estate of the said deceased,
 the petition of the said Louis, praying
 to be appointed administrator of the
 estate of the said deceased, was
 before said court on Thursday, the eight
 day of August, A. D. 1886, at ten
 o'clock, a. m., at the probate office in Duluth,
 Minnesota.
 Ordered that notice thereof be
 given to all persons interested by publishing
 the order of said court in the Duluth
 Herald, a weekly paper, to said day of
 August, in the Duluth evening
 paper, to be published on the
 Duluth, in said county,
 on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1886,
 at ten o'clock, a. m., the Court
 adjourned.
 J. H. B.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of Danbury, Conn., Sept. 23, 1894.

of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at the office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1896, for witness the new market house and armor; in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board. A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of twenty (\$25) dollars must accompany each bid. The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
Ezra L. Davis,

Original:
(Seal)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 23, 1910

Notice of Application
FOR
Liquor License

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY
OF DULUTH, CITY OF DULUTH—S
Notice is hereby given that applica
has been made in writing to the com
council of said city of Duluth, and
in my office, praying for license to
conducting business for the term
terminating on October 4, 1916, and term

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber, said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 5th day of October, 1896, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of the day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 18th day of Sept. 18, 1896.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 18 to 20, 1896.
inc.

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**Must Bring \$10,000,000...
Knotty Legal Question Def-
initely Disposed of.**

"What have I done?" asked the conductor, threatening to report him.

"Why don't you put that man off?" wrathfully demanded the woman. "He's smoking."

"He has the right to smoke," said the conductor. "Read that sign." The woman read it, then she said, "I'm afraid so."

"Well, you have been insolent anyway, and I shall report you and have you discharged."

"May I make your complaint, madam?" said a fine-looking old gentleman, who had listened to the foregoing conversation.

"Who are you," snapped the woman.

"Merely one of the directors of the road," said the old gentleman.

The woman blushed and left the car.

"Are you really a director of this road?" asked the man in the hat and Express.

"No," chuckled the old man.

Meeting of Lakeside Towne club at town hall, tonight. S. D. Allen and O. W. Baldwin speakers. Everybody invited.

curried today at the Marsh, Cambridge-shire station of the Great Eastern railroad. Both trains were wrecked and seventeen persons injured, many of them sustaining serious injuries.

landings for a reservoir site in section 1 township 50, north of range 14 west, at the juncture of Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street, for the sum of

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal).



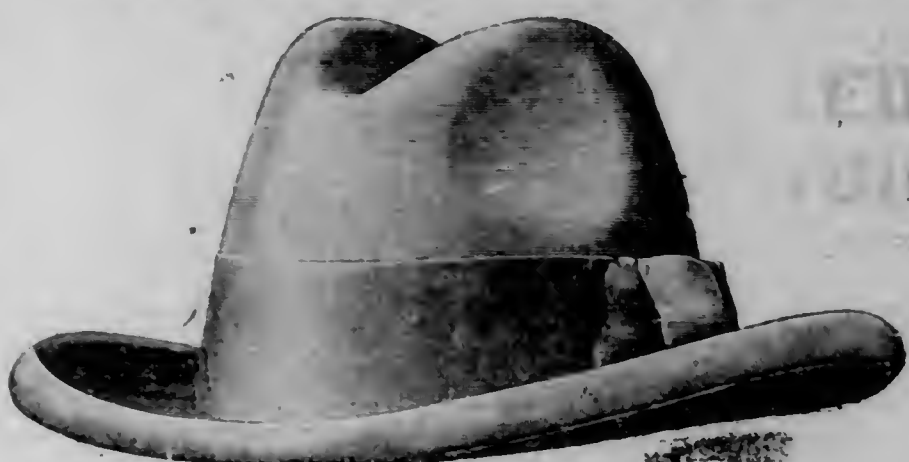
SELLING HATS

In connection with our other lines of goods, the saving thus made over an exclusive house is a satisfactory profit to us.

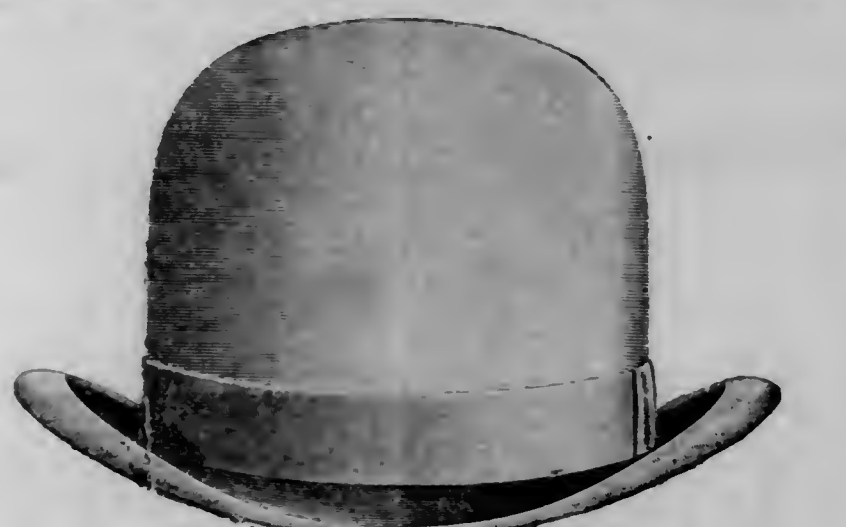
These are the Fall Blocks of the . . .

Gordon Hat

Of which we are Exclusive Duluth Agents.



Price, \$3.50.



Price, \$3.50.

This store is the best place in town to buy Hats.

M. S. Burrows.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 3, Smoke Endon clear, W. A. Fiske, Corpse, bannons removed, 2 Phoenix hix The main building at the new fair grounds was completed today.

The case of R. F. Edson vs. B. St. Lawrence, which was on trial in the municipal court for two days, came to a conclusion yesterday. The jury finding a verdict for the defendant, Edson claimed \$500 as his own stock in the Minnesota Point Railway company.

There will be a meeting of the Lakeside Towne club this evening at the seven hall in Lakeside. Good speakers will be furnished by the Central Towne club.

The lectures being given at the cathedral this week by the Paulist fathers for non-Catholics are being largely attended. The attendance last evening was very large, and the questions asked and answered were very interesting. The subject this evening is one of great importance to non-Catholics, and will be addressed by Father Egan. The subject is the "Confession".

John Christian, V. E. Rose and James Brady, three thieves, were released with sentence suspended by Judge Boyle to-day.

The Second Ward Towne club will meet Friday evening at the court house, and there will be speeches by a number of well-known men.

The Lakeside ladies will serve dinner Thursday at 224 West Superior street, for 25 cents.

A marriage license has been issued to John P. Peterson and Imogen Erickson.

In the matter of the receivership of the Great Western Manufacturing company, Judge Brown has allowed two creditors to file their proofs of claims.

Meeting of Lakeside Towne club at town hall, tonight, 8 P. M. Allen and O. W. Baldwin speakers. Everybody invited.

Sold by All Leading Grocers.

Mrs. Wood Visiting Here.

Mrs. Julia A. Wood, the authoress, and proprietor of the Sank Rapids Press, who is well known in the literary world under the nom de plume of "Mary Lee," was in the city this week visiting her son A. De Lacy Wood, at 225 Fourth avenue west. Mrs. Wood is the author of several books, and is one of the old settlers of Minnesota, having resided at Sank Rapids in 1861 with her husband the late William H. Wood, was receiver of the United States land office under the administration of Franklin Pierce. They first located at St. Anthony Falls, (now Minneapolis) in 1858.

The Result of Competition With Silver-Using People.

It is the ruinous competition with producers of silver-using countries for European markets that is impoverishing our agricultural classes, and their eyes seem to be too weak to see it. Many people right here in our own little city have weak eyes and don't know it. Their head aches every day for some reason, they haven't the remotest idea it is their eyes. Poor vision, with constant straining to get good vision, brings on headache more than any other cause. P. D. Day & Co., 215 West Superior street, have paid more attention to correctly fitting glasses, and the manufacturing of all kinds and styles of eye glasses and spectacles, than any one else in Duluth. They have a graduate optician, who will examine eyes free at any time.

Millinery Opening.

At Mrs. Brandt's, Fourth street, corner First avenue east, begins Thursday, Sept. 24.

Meeting of Lakeside Towne club at town hall, tonight, 8 P. M. Allen and O. W. Baldwin speakers. Everybody invited.

ALL LADIES INVITED

To the Grand Opening of all the latest Novelties in

ART NEEDLEWORK

At Mrs. Franklin Paine's on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. 105 W. Superior St.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

THE TRUTH

Candid Facts as to the French Meeting Last Night.

La Sarre Refused to Talk on the Issue of the Campaign.

Crowd Left the Hall and Listened to J. Bureau Outside.

As a specimen of the fraud and misrepresentation which the News Tribune and the gold standard managers are practicing in this campaign, the reports of the French meeting in this morning's paper is a fair instance. It shows conclusively that even the news columns of that sheet are prostituted to the golden god, and are prostituted to do its work.

J. G. La Sarre, of Chicago, was asked to speak. The hall, when the meeting opened, was well filled, about 200 French voters being there. Moses LeFevre presided. At the opening, C. Tremblay arose and asked the speaker to consent to a debate. He said that the French people are hard workers, and have little time for reading, and that a joint debate would give them the best means to hear both sides.

The crowd applauded, and when Mr. La Sarre saw this he told Mr. LeFevre that he would consent. This was satisfactory, and Mr. La Sarre proceeded. He began by talking of the great Napoleon and the French and English colonies, and of the battles of peace, and after he had been talking on this line for a quarter of an hour, he asked if he would please talk to them on the money question, the issue in the campaign.

Mr. La Sarre continued to talk on this line, however, and Mr. Tremblay got up and left the hall. Nearly the whole crowd followed him, until finally Mr. La Sarre found himself facing about twenty-five or thirty men.

Outside the hall there was a different scene. J. Bureau was the man who was to have answered La Sarre, and he was picked up bodily and placed on a big pile of stabs, which were piled up on the floor, and he was told to go ahead. He did it, too, in a vigorous manner, and that open air meeting was one of the best political rallies that has been seen in this campaign.

C. Tremblay was also pushed to the front, and he, too, made a strong speech. At last, about 400 men were gathered around the speakers while they were speaking.

Mr. La Sarre was to have spoken at West Duluth tonight, but it is understood that all hope of capturing the French vote in Duluth has been abandoned, and he will be sent to Ashland to work among the people of that nationality in the city.

FAMED IN HIS CALLING.

Noted Nursery Man is in the City Today.

P. S. Peterson, proprietor of the Rose Hill nursery, Chicago, is in the city, the guest of Secretary Helm of the park board. It is from this nursery that the city is supplied with trees for the parks and boulevards. Mr. Peterson, who has been in the business for forty-five years, received a medal and a diploma with special mention at the World's fair. When he went abroad soon after he had preceded him, and King Oscar of Sweden and Norway conferred on him the honor of knight of the crown. In recognition of the merit he reflected on the land of his birth by reason of his high standing as a horticulturist.

Towne Meetings.

Tomorrow evening there will be a Bryan, Lind and Towne meeting at Kennedy's hall, 221 West Michigan street.

R. B. Briggs made a speech at the last night's meeting, in which he denounced Mr. Towne in his choicest style as a traitor and deserter. Tomorrow evening C. J. Lovell will speak at the same place and will answer the remarks of Mr. Briggs, particularly those in reference to Mr. Towne.

Thomas Dowse will speak tomorrow evening at the headquarters of the Central Towne club in the old postoffice building.

Better Than Ever.

Like good wine "The World's Fair" improves with age. A large audience greeted it last night, and seemed to keep up a perpetual laugh the whole evening. As the company becomes more familiar with it even better results are obtained than upon its first production. It certainly is a side splitting comedy. The "Worried Partners" will be given again tonight and tomorrow matinee. Dumas' renowned play "Carmilla" is in rehearsal and will be given the latter part of the week.

Some More Defense.

The mayor says in regard to the matter of the license fee charged the Wild West show that the high circus license fee was not exacted because the city attorney advised him that the entertainment could not be so classed. In view of the fact that he acted on the advice of the city attorney, the mayor says he feels that the wholesale criticisms of his action indulged in by certain members of the council are wholly unwarranted.

Wants a Cheap Rate.

The mayor today addressed a letter to President Grover Cleveland of the Duluth Iron Range railway asking if a special rate could be granted the workmen who will be employed on the work at Lakeside. The men will be forced to depend on the Iron Range road for transportation or walk three miles to the street car lines. The mayor suggests a 5-cent fare one way.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—World's Fair, DR.

CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other deleterious.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

PERSONALS.

J. L. Lathby, a former resident of Duluth, but lately of Michigan, passed through the city yesterday enroute to Canada. He sailed on the steamer Monarch last evening.

Mrs. W. C. Crum and daughter left yesterday for Boise City, Idaho.

A. De Lacy Wood, who is establishing a newspaper at Port Vin, Wis., on the south shore, was in the city today on business, and expects to publish his first issue next week. The people there have given him great encouragement.

Joseph Thelen, late of Two Harbors, arrived this week and has entered the law office of Phelps, Towne & Harris. He says that, while in the army, he was a big majority for T. W. for congress, and that the true silver sentiment is increasing daily among the people.

Professor D. C. Roberts, of West Superior, was in the city yesterday looking over his interests at West Duluth. Secretary of State Albert Berg was in the city yesterday for the purpose of giving the Republicans the benefit of a little of his talk.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. French, who have been in New England visiting at Mr. French's old home and other places, have returned. Mr. French says that business in the East is quiet, and everybody is waiting to see what the result of election will be also that everybody in New England predicts McKinley's election.

O. H. Rask, advertising manager of "Want to Buy," a new and handsome publication issued monthly by Pierce & Pierce, of Minneapolis, is in the city. Mr. Rask was at one time in the newspaper business in Duluth.

D. C. McNell, of Virginia, is in the city.

Miss Bonnie Hyatt, of Fair Haven, is in the city.

Mrs. S. J. Price and Mrs. J. Parker Gowing, mother and sister of O. G. Price, who is visiting here for two months, have returned home.

William Saurity, of Stillwater, was at the city today.

H. S. Richmond and W. C. Miller, of Albany, N. Y., are in the city.

E. L. Hardy, of Bay City, Mich., is here today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mahan, of St. Paul, are at the Spaulding.

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SUFFEL & CO.

By Superior

SPECIAL SHOE SALE!

NOT IF WE KNOW IT

Are we ever undersold; and don't let the public ever forget the great fact. The mission of this house is to UNDER-SELL ALL COMPETITION—an easy matter for the store that does by far the Largest Shoe business in Duluth, and that Buys and Sells for Spot Cash Only. For Your Sale if you need Shoes, visit our store during this sale.

Read the Prices.

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Children's Grain Leather Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, at..... 59c

Children's Dongola spring heel Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, at..... 59c

Children's Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 6 to 8..... 50c

Child's Hand-sewed Shoes, patent tip, sizes 3 to 7..... 50c

Child's regular 60c Kid Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, at..... 39c

Children's solid grain School Shoes, with sole leather tip..... 75c

Children's heavy grain sole leather tip Shoes, sizes 7 to 9..... 79c

Children's Solar Tip School Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, at..... 98c

Children's Crack Proof Calf School Shoes, sizes 9 to 12, at..... 98c

Infant's Shoes, at a pair..... 10c, 19c, 25c and 50c

Children's 85c Shoes reduced to..... 59c

Children's \$1 Spring Heel Shoes reduced to this sale..... 75c

Children's \$1.50 School Shoes reduced to..... 98c

TRY US FOR SPECIAL SHOES. No School Houses or States given away with Our Shoes.

Girls' Grain Shoes, sizes 11 to 13, all solid leather, at..... 98c

Girls' Shoes, sizes 11 to 12, reduced to..... 65c

Girls' Russel School Shoes, worth \$1.75 and \$2, reduced to..... 98c

Girls' \$1.50 Dongola patent tip Shoes, reduced for this sale..... 98c

Girls' heavy lace \$2.25 School Shoes, reduced to..... \$1.48

Girls' Lace \$1.75 School Shoes, reduced to..... \$1.25

Our Prices on Children's Shoes at least 25 per cent below any competition.

LADIES' SHOES.

Small Sizes \$5.00 and \$6.00 for \$1.25.

Have you small feet? Can you wear size 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2, 3 or 3 1/2? We offer over 300 pairs of the very finest Hand-sewed Ladies' Shoes, worth \$2.50, \$5 and \$6, but we have too many small sizes, and they all go..... \$1.25

a pair. If you cannot wear them by them for your girls.

LADIES' SHOES—

We are overstocked with Ladies' Shoes, and they must be closed out. Cost us no figure.

Ladies' Comfort \$1.50 Hand-made Slippers at..... \$1.00

Ladies' \$3 Oxford Ties and Low Shoes..... 98c

Ladies' \$2 Button Shoes, reduced to..... \$1.25

Ladies' \$3 Button and Lace Shoes, reduced to..... \$1.75

Ladies' \$5 Button Shoes, reduced to..... \$2.48

Ladies' \$3, \$4 and \$5 Shoes, reduced to..... \$1.98

Ladies' \$5 Shoes for this sale, price cut to..... \$1.50

SCHOOL TEACHERS' SHOES.

Teachers' heavy sole, square toe, cork sole Shoes..... \$3.00

Teachers' cork sole, pointed toe Shoes..... \$3.00

Teachers' Calf Shoes, with heavy sole, at..... \$3.00

Teachers' extra quality Shoes in button and lace, at..... \$4.00

We make a specialty of School Teachers' Shoes. They are built for comfort and durability. Try them.

BOYS' SHOES.

Boys' heavy Veal Calf Shoes, size 11 to 2..... 89c

Boys' heavy Veal Calf Shoes, size 3 to 5 1/2..... 98c

Boys' Satin Calf Shoes, worth \$1.50, reduced to..... \$1.00

Boys' \$2 Calf Shoes, for this sale..... \$1.50

Boys' \$3 Calf Shoes, reduced to..... \$2.00

LITTLE BOYS' SHOES.

Little Boys' spring heel patent tip Shoes..... \$1.00

Little Boys' Wax Calf spring heel Calf Shoes, worth \$1.50, reduced to..... \$1.25

Little Boys' Suede Calf heel and spring heel Shoes..... \$1.50

Little Boys' Kangaroo Calf Shoes, worth \$1.75 for this sale..... \$1.25

The Largest Stock of Little Boys' Shoes in the city. Every Pair Warranted.

Suffel & Co.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

Most Satisfactory Results..

And a successful season are strongly indicated here from the large throngs that crowd our store daily, even at this early stage of the season. It is the most significant indication that things are as they ought to be here. A combination of the proper styles, high qualities and low prices is what is doing the business here. Five times the quantity of new wares to each square foot is shown here to any other store, at prices that are positively right. Our Special Bargains for tomorrow will bring out the discriminating shoppers.

Cloak Room News.

Many cases of new Cloaks have arrived within the last 48 hours. Tomorrow we will have them spread out for your inspection. There are some special new styles among the late arrivals, which can't be found elsewhere, and will be hard to get later on. Make your selection when the stock is complete—it is more satisfactory.

Special Cloak Drives for Tomorrow:

Ladies' Jackets with new shield or box front, fashionably shaped sleeves, made from Beaver or Irish Frieze cloth in black, brown and navy; good value at \$17.50, tomorrow only..... \$5.00

Ladies' black and brown Boucle Jackets, shield front, a large button, new shaped sleeves, full pleat back, would be a ready seller at \$12.50; sells tomorrow at..... \$8.50

Ladies' Jackets, made of Kersey, lined throughout with Rhadamere Satin, 2 large buttons, shield front, high flaring collar, well worth \$15.00; sells tomorrow at..... \$10.00

Ladies' Jackets, made of fancy Boucle in black and colored, a very stylish coat; would be a bargain at \$13.50, tomorrow only..... \$10.00

Ladies' Double Cape, made of heavy Kersey, stitched all around, velvet inlaid collar, should sell at \$10.00; sell tomorrow at..... \$7.50

Misses' Jackets, made of heavy Covert Cloth, bound with velvet piping, well worth \$10.00, sells at..... \$7.50

New Children's Reefers, New Children's Gretchens, New Infants' Elderdown and Cloth Coats in a large range of styles and prices.

See the Elderdown Coats, trimmed with Angora fur, at only..... \$1.98

OUR FUR DEPARTMENT is showing all the new fashionable styles of Short Capes and Collarettes.

Millinery.

New Ladies' Walking Hats came in today. They are the latest—see them. SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW—10 dozen cloth-covered Alpine Walking and Cycling Hats, in colors to match suits; regular selling price \$1.00, tomorrow..... 58c

Kid Gloves. Special.

15 dozen best quality French Biarritz Gloves, in gray and tan; regular price \$1.00, price tomorrow..... 79c

10 dozen extra quality 2-clasp black Mocha Gloves, cheap at \$1.00, tomorrow only..... \$1.00

Ask to see the Corso Gloves for general street wear; it is the most satisfactory Glove for strong wear; colors, tan, brown, red and black, price..... \$1.00

Underwear Department.

A host of bargains in Ladies', Men's and Children's Warm Underwear. Men's heavy fleeced lined Shirt and Drawers, sold everywhere at \$1.00; our price only..... 75c

Boys' heavy fleeced lined Shirts and Drawers, cheap at 75c; our price 50c

Ladies' Jersey ribbed natural gray heavy-weight Vests, cheap at 40c, tomorrow..... 25c

Ladies' Australian wool Jersey ribbed Vests and Pants, regular price \$1.00, tomorrow only..... 75c

Ladies' natural gray wool Combination Suits, cheap at \$1.50, only..... \$1.00

Ladies' fine English Cashmere Hose, regular price 50c, tomorrow..... 25c

\$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

resol- friends with whom he drove sw
d to the pier, presumably to take a
vanda railway train for the We

Our Standing Invitation.....

If you see any clothes like ours that you can buy for less, come back and get your money. If you see any clothes elsewhere that you like better than ours, come back and get your money. A Great Big, Fresh, Brand New Stock of Men's Clothing here.

In Fall Overcoats

We've three shades of all-wool Meltons, cut after latest fashion, fly front, lined with best Italian Cloth at.....

The regular value of these \$8 Fall Overcoats, judged from prices asked elsewhere, would be about \$12. Other good kinds of Fall Overcoats in the latest shades and styles at \$10, \$12, \$13.50, \$15, \$16.50, \$18 and \$20.

This

Is the time of year when an extra pair of Trousers comes in most handy. Have a look at these: All-wool Bannockburn Cheviot Trousers, in beautiful mottled stripe patterns, mostly various shades of grays and browns, rough, shaggy and neat; strange combination, indeed; not too light, not too heavy; cut a trifle narrower than last season, and offering a distinct saving of at least one-third.....

Splendid all-wool Black and Blue Cheviot Suits at \$7.00. Splendid all-wool Black and Blue Cheviot Suits at \$10. Exceptional values in Men's Fall Suits at \$12, \$13.50 and \$15.

A Wonder in Boys' Clothes

All the styles now ready in boys' and children's Fall and Winter clothes. The new Reefers just in this week. Prices lower than ever. Call our boys' clothing tailor made, for the fit is as good as the made to measure. Wonderful forward steps in boys' and children's clothes.

15 styles of boys' handsome all wool Suits in serge, chevots, cassimeres, worsteds and homespuns, at.....

Better made, better quality, more style than you get elsewhere at \$4.00 and \$5.00.

BOYS' REEFERS like 4 TO 16 YEARS.

Boys' Reefers are the great thing for fall and winter wear. A full set of new styles just in, and the prices.....

Boys' Bala and Bala, Peckoe Knives and School Outfits given away with every set of all cost with boys' and children's clothing.

Knox Hats.

We're exclusive agents in Duluth for the world-renowned Knox Hats. No other hat like it for style, quality and wear.

Price—\$5.00.

Other good kinds of Fall Hats at 75c, 95c, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Seasonable Shoes.

The foundation of stylish dress is a nobby shoe. We can lay this foundation to your complete satisfaction.

Men's Fine Bull Shoes—\$1.39, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Men's Fine Calf Shoes—\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00.

Children's Spring Heel Shoes—75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Boys' Cast Iron School Shoes—85c.

STORE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 10:30.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

BIG DULUTH

Williamson & Mendenhall.

125-127 West Superior Street.

Can supply anything in office stationery and type-writer supplies. Call if you wish these goods.

Engraving in New Styles, Low Prices.

ALBERTSON,

HOTEL ST. LOUIS BLDG.

FOR RENT CHEAP.....

An 8-room house on West First street, five blocks from Spalding House; has all modern conveniences, such as water, gas, sewers, bath room, etc., but is heated by stoves.

Inquire Cashier HERALD office, or of A. M. Hayes, of George Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT AND POWER CO.,

Successors to HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.

Furnish Electric Current for Light and Power.

Offices:

Rooms 4, 5, 6, 216 West Superior Street.

Mendenhall & Hoopes,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

\$12,500 TO LOAN ON IMPROVED PROPERTY.

MR. BRYAN COMMENDS THE UTTERANCES OF AN EASTERN PAPER.

Delivered Several Speeches During His Trip Through Massachusetts.

Made a Speech at Springfield and It Was Cordially Received.

Mr. Bryan Commends the Utterances of an Eastern Paper.

Delivered Several Speeches During His Trip Through Massachusetts.

Made a Speech at Springfield and It Was Cordially Received.

SENSATIONAL WARNING.

New Coercion Plan Being Adopted in Maryland.

Washington, Sept. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Democratic congressional campaign committee has issued a sensational warning to railroad employees in Maryland and adjoining states, to the effect that their corporations, not satisfied with compelling their subordinates to join McKinley clubs, participate in parades and otherwise show their devotion to sound money, on the plea that the made bonds are payable in gold, have become frightened at the prospect of the polls and now issue a declaration of war that it would be wise for them to refrain from registration, who have been engaged in carrying the Republican ticket are urged to register.

The committee claims that by this campaign of coercion employees are being deprived of their citizenship, and they are asked to register, notwithstanding the alleged tactics of the roads that in the event of Bryan's election wholesale discharges would be resorted to, and those who failed to bring that result to pass would be the first to suffer.

SHERMAN'S DUPLICITY.

How He Deceived the Senate in 1873.

Washington, Sept. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Populist campaign text book will soon be issued. It will contain a compilation from Senators Stewart and Butler in answer to Senator Sherman's statement that there was nothing secret about the demonstration of silver in the case of the gold standard. Sherman's statement that there was nothing secret about the demonstration of silver in the case of the gold standard. Sherman's statement that there was nothing secret about the demonstration of silver in the case of the gold standard.

MINES SHUT DOWN.

Six Hundred Men Thrown Out of Work.

Idaho, Sept. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Pittsburg and Lake Angelina mines will be closed tomorrow for six months. The miners have submitted a proposition to the management to take their pay in due bills, but no reply has been received. The suspension is for an indefinite time.

CARLISLE IS BACK.

And Will Do Some Speaking in Kentucky.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Secretary Carlisle has returned to the city after a few weeks' absence at Buzzard's Bay, where he was the guest of the president. The secretary was busy with his mail this morning and said that he had not yet had an opportunity to give any consideration to the large number of invitations he had received to deliver his political addresses during the remaining weeks of the campaign. In a general way, however, he had concluded to speak three or four times in Kentucky, but the necessity of soon beginning the laborious work of writing his memoirs and speeches have not been arranged. Mr. Carlisle left the president and his family in excellent health. It is expected that they will not return to Washington before the middle of October.

BRYAN AT MEMPHIS.

His Visit There Will Have Interesting Features.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 25.—One of the features of the Bryan speaking in this city on the morning of Oct. 5 will be a Ladies Bryan and Sewall club from Mississippi. A letter was received from the transportation committee of the club by the Illinois Central passenger department yesterday asking for two special cars for the club.

There will be an army from Woodruff county, Ark., composed of some 800 men, moving in the federal building yesterday morning, calling on a number of the officials there. He is in the party to have his throat treated. Said he: "I think the national election will be very close indeed, and as for the election in this state, I do not believe there is any doubt of the result, for we shall win."

P.&W. SATURDAY! P.&W.

At the Big Glass Block Store.

Items of interest that will pack the Big Store with purchasers from early morn till late at night. Every Department contributing its wealth of Bargains for the Benefit of Our Customers.

Here You Are!

On Bargain Counter No. 1.

We will offer 1000 pieces from our Great Crockery Dept., consisting of—

Fancy Plates, Sugar and Cream Sets, Cups and Saucers, Tea Pots, Vases, Oat Meal Sets, Pin Trays, Cut Glass Salts with or without tops.

All divided into Two Big Lots—All on sale Saturday at 19c and 39c.

See Them!

Cut Flowers

Our florist at Forest Glenn, Ill., has notified us that "Short Crop" this week, and he can only ship us 200 for Saturday. Roses are selling in Chicago at 5c and 7c a doz. Short or not short in crop we built the price down. Tomorrow, the price will be 29 cents or 50c each.

Gentlemen!

On Bargain Counter No. 3.

We will put on sale tomorrow two cases Men's Fleece Lined Tuxedo Ribbed Silver Gray Clouded

Extra heavy. Any size in Shirts or Drawers you want. Saturday—50c each. \$1.00 a Suit.

Swell, Chic, Nobby Hats and Caps....

Ladies', Misses', Boys', Child's or Infants.

A magnificent assortment, all just received, will be displayed on Bargain Counter No. 2, Saturday.

Our Prices Will Surprise You.....

Our Styles are different to what you can find or see elsewhere.

Silk Special.

White Habutai Silk, black Japanese Silk, fancy figured pongee Silk, two toned changeable Silks, black rhadamer Silk, 50c and 60c values. Saturday's special..... 25c

Serge Special.

All wool serge, finished silks on both sides, in black, navy, myrtle, olive, seal brown, golden brown, cardinal, for children's school dresses and ladies' house gowns, 50c quality. Saturday's special..... 25c

Novelty Special.

French and English Novelty Dress Goods, in new colors, new weaves in rough and smooth goods, also Scotch Plaids for children's school dresses and ladies' waists. Saturday's special..... 48c

Lining Specials.

6c Edwards' Skirt Lining. 25c fiber Inter-Lining. Waist Lining, all colors. 36 inch Rustle Taffeta. Wash Goods Specials. 12 1/2c English Percales. 10c Cotton Batts. 12 1/2c Black Satens. 36-inch Silkoline for comforts. Simpson's Dress Prints. Ladies' Gloves. Ladies' Biarritz Kid Gloves, Saturday, our price, a pair..... 75c Ladies' four-button French Kid Gloves, in all colors, Saturday, a pair..... 75c

Umbrellas.

100 twilled gloria silk Umbrellas, worth \$1.50, Saturday, each..... 85c

Yarn Dept.

We are Headquarters.

Every time you see us advertise an article make up your mind it is a Bargain.

Royal Imported Saxony, regular price 10c per skein. Special price, 7c

ICE WOOL.

Shedlin..... 9c

Denim Covers.

In all the new colors and latest designs, said to be by all ladies who have seen them the best on the market, regular price, each, 50c. Special price, 35c

Druggists' Sundries.

FOR THAT BAD GOLD OF YOURS.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy..... 25c 19c

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup..... 25c 19c

Gambie & Ludwig's Balsam..... 50c 37c

Our Great Special.

Positively your last chance on this article this season. Lay in a stock of Paine's Catery Compound, regular price \$1.00. Special..... 69c

CLOAK DEPT.

Three large lines of Ladies' new stylish Jackets, three wonderful values—placed on our tables Saturday for, each

Just arrived—50 Ladies' all-wool Kersey Cloth Jackets, lined throughout with silk, new Franklin front, new sleeves, storm collar, the correct style; made to sell at \$10.00. Saturday only..... \$10.00

Misses' Jackets, very stylish made, new front, new back, new sleeve, with high flaring velvet collar, very elegant; made to sell at \$12.00. Saturday only..... \$7.50

Fur Collarettes.

Chic Fur Collarettes, combination of Persian Lamb and Seal, Electric Seal and Chinchilla, Thibet and Astrakhan and other learing \$10 to \$65

100 Ladies' fine Figured Mohair Skirts, correct width, lined with rustle taffeta lining, velvet binding; not one made to sell for less than \$3.45. Saturday..... \$2.98

100 Children's Eiderdown Cloaks, trimmed with Angora fur, sizes 3 to 6 years; Saturday only..... \$1.25

50 dox Fancy Brocaded Corsets, perfect fitting, correct style; made to sell at 98c, Saturday only..... 49c

Jewelry Dept.

Hat Pins.

A beautiful line, with pretty settings, also Berlin enamel, our regular price is 25c each. Special..... 19c

Hand Mirrors.

With adjustable handle, can be used as a gentleman's shaving mirror, or a lady's dressing mirror. Special..... 15c

Book Dept.

Divinit Classics.

A dainty little set of two volumes in exquisite uniform bindings. They are most appropriate for presentation purposes. Publisher's price per set, 59c. Our price..... 59c

Notion Dept.

Spool Silk.

For hand or machine sewing, all colors, 100 yards on spool, our regular price is 50c per spool. Special price..... 30c

Ironing Wax.

Known as the Chinese Ironing Wax, the best and most convenient Wax put up, regular price 5c each. Special, 2 for..... 5c

Curling Irons.

With wood handle, full nickel, all sizes, regular price, 10c and 15c each. Now, both sizes, special, each..... 20c

Glassware.

Special Prices for Saturday

Good shape Pickle or Olive Disks, worth 12c, for..... 5c

Sherbet or Custard Cups, worth \$1.20 per doz, for, each..... 5c

Footed Berry Bowls, worth 50c, for..... 25c

Glass Night Lamps, nicely decorated, with decorated shade, worth 75c, for..... 39c

Syrup Pitchers in assorted colors, glass always sold for 65c, for..... 39c

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Hermsdorf Black Cotton Hose, silky, double fleece lined, generally sold at 25c; our price..... 19c

Special values in Ladies' Fleece Lined Cotton and Best Imported Cashmere Wool Hose..... 50c

Children's Black Wool Hose, ribbed, no seams and double marine tips, worth 25c to 35c; Saturday..... 18c

Children's Natural Wool and Camel's Hair Underwear, BROKEN LINES, suitable for Boys or Girls, heavy weight, sizes 22 to 34, worth up to \$1.00; Saturday clearance price..... 59c

Ladies' Jaeger Miss Jersey Vests, fleece lined, yoke band, pants to match, worth 75c; Saturday..... 59c

Gents' Furnishing Goods At Right Prices.

Gents' 4-ply Linen Collars, hand made eyelet buttonholes, all shapes, worth 20c; Saturday..... 12c

Gents' Belfast Linen 4-ply Collars, worth 20c; Saturday..... 12c

Gents' Fine 200 Linen Web Suspenders, cross back, kid ends and slide adjustment, everywhere 50c; Saturday..... 29c

Gents' broken lines of Fine Underwear in natural, scarlet and fleece lined, were up to \$1.50 each; Saturday, to close..... 75c

Gents' Pure Australian Sanitary Wool Underwear, soft, heavy, warm, durable, usually sold at \$1.25; Saturday, only..... 98c

Shoe Dept.

Special Bargains in Ladies' Bright Dongola Kid Button Shoes, sizes 5 to 8, former price \$3.50 and \$4.00; all go at one price..... \$1.50

Ladies' Patent Leather Strap Sandals, to close out the lot..... 98c

Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Razor Case Web Shoe, usually sold at \$4.00 and \$4.50; our price..... \$3.50

Overgaiters, large stock, all sizes, black only, per pair..... 25c

Children's sizes 4-9..... 10c

Misses' " 11-2..... 13c

Women's " 3-7..... 15c

Men's solid grain buckle and congress half double sole, all solid leather, the best shoe for heavy wear..... \$1.25

House Furnishing Dept.

Delightful goods at prices that delight the heart of the Economical Housewife.

10-qt extra heavy tin Dishpan..... 12c

Large size tin Washbasins..... 5c

1-qt-size tin Milk Pans, each..... 2c

9-in pie Plates, each..... 2c

Funnels for Mason's Fruit jars, ea..... 4c

Oil or heating stove Tea Kettles, each..... 15c

25 cent discount or 1/2 off on all Baby Carriages and Trunks.

These discounts are not from an advanced price but from our already low marked price, as we must have the room they occupy and room just now is more of an object to us than profits.

Music.

The Very Latest.

The Duluth Glass Block Two Step. A very popular piece. It is bound to be a favorite. Publisher's price 35c. Our price..... 35c

Stationary Dept.

Two Attractions Saturday

One box of Wedding Plate Cream Wave Paper and Envelopes, that sell for 30c. Special..... 15c

One box of Franklin Linen Paper and Envelopes, that we sell for 25c. Special..... 13c

The Big Store is Open Saturday Until to p. m.

Panton & White.

OF THE FILING OF THE PLAT AND OF THE MEETING OF THE COMMISSIONERS IN CONDEMNATION IN THE MATTER OF ALTERING FINE AVENUE FROM GARFIELD AVENUE TO ARTHUR AVENUE BY WIDENING THE SAME THIRTY-SEVEN AND ONE-HALF FEET ON THE SOUTHERLY SIDE THEREOF AND THE LAYING OUT AND OPENING OF A NEW STREET IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION FROM NEAR THE INTERSECTION OF ARTHUR AND SPRUCE AVENUES TO THE DOCK LANE.

hearing aforesaid shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purposes aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1896.

A. ROCKWELL,
W. F. McKAY,
W. D. UNDERHILL,
Commissioners.

[illegible]



This Store's
Merchandise is first in quality, first in
assortment and in the hands of all in
the city.

Our Platform

SHOWS SUBSTANTIAL SUCCESS
IN ART CONCERNING THE
PRODUCTION OF THE
BEST STOCK OF MEN'S AND
BOYS' CLOTHING MADE.

**Do
You
Consider
Yourself
a Good
Business Man?**

Funny question, you think.
Well, it is. But you are probably
a good business man, and yet you
patronize a tailor.

There are men, sound sensible
citizens, who learned the way in
youth to a custom tailor shop,
and they'll probably keep traveling
the expensive path until by
accident some day they drop in
here and look at one of



**Our Ready-to-
Wear
Tailor-
made
Suits...**

Or Overcoats. Then if they are
not totally blinded by prejudice
they'll be converted to new
doctrine of perfect-fitting
clothes at prices that would
make their tailors wince.

Remember

Railways, Steamships, the Tel-
egraph—most wonderful inven-
tions in fact, were sneered at when
first introduced.

It's old foggyish to sneer at a new
idea because it's new.

Perhaps good ready-to-wear
Clothes is a new idea to you—
but they're to be had just the
same. Don't be old foggyish;
look into the matter. Call in and
look at these Ready-to-wear
Clothes—



**Tomorrow,
Saturday,,,,,**

Will be a good day.

In making up these Ready Tailor-
made Suits and Overcoats, we
have studied timely values,
and have made merit evident,
using only the best fabrics and
trimmings and given all our
garments a Merchant
Tailored Character.



Prices

This season are more than
reasonable. Good Suits and Overcoats **\$10**;
Better ones **\$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$25**
The difference in price being regulated by the qual-
ity and trimmings, the style in all instances
being the same.

M. S. BURROWS The
Clothier.

MARY WOL

Verdict For Eleven Hundred
Dollars Returned Against
the City.

Judge Brown Gets Through
and Compliments the
Court Officials.

Messick & Macauley Ac-
quitted By Direction of
the Court.

In the case of Mary Thomas against
the city of Duluth for \$3000 damages
for injuries caused by a defective side-
walk at West Duluth, the jury returned
a verdict of \$1100 for Mary this morn-
ing. The last time the case was tried
this term the jury disagreed.

After Judge Brown had dismissed the
jury his work for St. Louis county was
through, and he left this afternoon for
his home at Morris. Before leaving he
jollied up the court officials by saying
that they knew what they were there
for and how to do it, and the deputy
clerk and sheriffs have increased their
status half an inch all around.

Governor Clough has ordered Judge
Williamson of Red Wing to help out the
court, and he will be here Monday.
Judge Meier will also be back on the
bench, and one of the two will take up
the struck jury cases and the other the
court cases, while Judge Ensign will
finish the criminal cases.

This morning he was engaged upon
the trial of Messick & Macauley for il-
legally having games in their possession.
The defendants testified that the game
came from North Dakota and that it be-
longed to Frank Williamson, of W. M.
Hanson & Mendenhall. They merely
stored it for him, and he testified that
after he left it, while he was taken sick
and forgot all about it.

After the defendants rested Judge En-
sign granted a motion to direct a ver-
dict for the defendants, and they were
released.

The case against Samuel D. Lishon,
the alleged directory swindler, who was
acquitted last term of forgery and was
re-arrested on the same charge, was
taken up.

Judge Brown this morning sentenced
Valentin Buchman, convicted of a ver-
sault in the second degree, to pay a fine
of \$200 or spend sixty days in the coun-
ty jail.

FOR RENT CHEAP

An 8-room house on West First street, five
blocks from Spaulding House, has all modern
conveniences, such as gas, electric, bath
room, etc., and is heated by stoves.
Inquire of George Crosby, 106 Providence bldg.

EXAMINING THEIR EYES.

School Directors Claim There
is No Opposition.

Those of the members of the school
board who have been asked concerning
the reported opposition of parents of
pupils to the examination of the eyes,
nose and throat of the children, say that
the board was directed at the last meeting of
the board and which is now being conducted
by Drs. Thompson and Collins, say that
in many instances the parents are
laboring under a misapprehension as to
exactly what is to be done. Many of
them think that the children are to be
treated, and on finding that such is not
the case have withdrawn their objec-
tions. It was stated at the office of
Superintendent Denfeld that from the
six rooms the pupils of which have al-
ready been examined, no reports of any
refusals to attend for examination have
been received. The most of the pupils
so far examined have been from the
high school and the Jackson school. A
number of pupils from the Washington
school were to be examined this after-
noon.

Heard Absolutely Nothing.

After such enthusiasm as had been
evoked by the war talks and waving the
flag over Corporal Tanner's head at the
McKinley meeting at the city hall last
evening had evaporated, and the crowd
was going home, bracing in the fresh
air that cooled the heated and excited
pulse of delirium, it came to real-
ize that it had received no valuable in-
formation on the issues of the campaign.
At least, so the commonsense heard in
ears and on corners would indicate. One
expression of many voices gave fair opin-
ion of the after impression left on the minds
of many who attended. It was this, ut-
tered by a man who had been an at-
tentive listener:

"They sold us a good deal about the
war. It was interesting, as it always is,
but it was nothing more than we can
read in the histories. What I wanted
was to hear something that would assist
me to vote intelligently on this issue. Of
that, I heard absolutely nothing."

Births and Deaths.

The following births have been re-
ported to the health department: A daugh-
ter to Robert and Regina Alexander, of
1014 Gilliam street; a son to James and
Katie Connelly, of West Duluth; a
daughter to Edward and Clara Smith,
of West Duluth; a daughter to Emil and
Mauda Juelin, of 1828 West Superior
street; a daughter to R. A. and Anna
McDonald, of 99 East First street.

The death of Benjamin R. Newhall,
aged 1 month, of 224 East First street,
of cholera infantum has been reported.

Change of Time.

The steamer Hunter will leave Du-
luth for Ashland and all south shore
points every Monday, Wednesday and
Friday at 8:30 a. m. instead of daily as
heretofore. The change will take effect
Sept. 25, and be in force until further
notice.
A. BOOTH PACKING COMPANY, Owners.

2000 to 1—Gold and Silver.

That is the kind of tons I give, and
that is the kind of money I take for the
best coal in the city. Write or call
for 25 cents. George W. Strayer, agent,
210 West Superior street. Tel. 601.

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

CASH GROCERS,
401-403 EAST FOURTH STREET.
TELEPHONE 292. Established 1887.



"Poor Trust is dead!"
"GROCERIES"

BOUGHT ON TRUST killed him.
Be Alive and buy from us!

Saturday Specials.

Fancy Concord Grapes, per basket	12 1/2c
Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 12 lbs for	25c
Honey Green Potatoes, per bush	23c
Grauberies, per 4-lb.	55c
Apples, per bushel	55c
Milk Peaches, per basket	30c
Land's Premium Chocolate, per lb.	28c
Menier Chocolate, 12c cakes for	8c
Seitrop's Coconut, in bulk, per lb.	17c
New York Ball Cream Cheese, per lb.	15c
Fancy Carolina Rice, per lb.	2c
Fancy Fava Beans, per lb.	2c
Pork, clear side, per lb.	5c
Pork Lard, in tub, per lb.	5c
Cat. Hams, per lb.	6 1/2c
St. Clair's Corned Beef, 5 lb can	15c
Elmer's Dried Beef, per lb.	18c
Good Dairy Butter, per lb.	15c
Clover Leaf Butter, per lb.	21c
White Clover Honey, per comb	12 1/2c
"Viking" Sap Syrup, 4c can	35c
Olive Oil, Julian Brand, 2c bottle for	23c
Log Cabin Buckwheat Flour, 1 lb pkg.	5c
Soda Crackers, per lb.	5c
Ginger Snaps, XXX per lb.	7c
Golden Rio Coffee, per lb.	17c
Francis & Co's Imported Suet, can	10c
"Viking" Beans, every day 5 for	15c
Lead Them All Soap, 6 for	25c
Ammonia, pint bottles	7c
"Viking Pride" Flour, 98 lb sack	\$1.70
"Viking" Fancy Patent, 25 lb sack, in- roduction Price	\$1.80

Flour is going up—take advantage of the
low price! Buy a 98-lb sack "Viking" Pa-
tent or "Viking Pride" Flour. Bring the Bread to
the County Fair and we will give for the best
Bread made from this Flour (in addition to
the County Prize) 5 Dollars in Gold for 1st
Prize; 1st Prize Flour, 2nd Prize and 98 lb sack
for 3rd Prize. Bread made from our Flour
won the 1st Prize at the Fair last year.

"Viking Flour" sold only by
GRONSETH & OLSEN

MANY APPLICANTS.

Board of Public Works Has
Many Applications.

The office of the board of public
works was besieged from an early hour
this morning by applicants for work on
the new waterworks. Each man is re-
quired to sign an application containing
his address as to his age, family, resi-
dence in Duluth and whether or not he
furnishes support to others besides
himself. Quite a good deal of time is
consumed in each case and it looked this
morning as if it would take two or
three days to take care of the crowd.
But it is believed the plan is a
good one and that it will serve to keep
down the percentage of loafers who
may get on the work. But a few men
will be put on until Oct. 1, when the
force will be increased to 100 men. At
that time work will be commenced on
the reservoir and on those parts of the
trench where whole or nearly the whole
consists of rock cutting. There will not
be much work excavating for the
trench until the place is in place.
The first lot of which is to be furnished,
according to the contract, by Oct. 1.
When the pile laying commences the
force will be increased.

Held a Good Meeting.

The English Bryan and Towne club
held an enthusiastic meeting at the Eng-
lish club last evening. It was well
attended, despite the counter attraction
afforded by the boxing games at the
main car barn and the Hartman meet-
ing at West Duluth.

A. E. McManis and Albert Boldwin
made speeches. The club is still waiting
for an answer to a challenge for a de-
bate sent by J. S. McManis to the
McManis and Morris club of the Third and Fourth
precincts of the First ward. The club
politely expects an answer before
spring, the members say, as it is felt to
be certain that a champion of the same
eventually be secured up from the
McManis club.

Veterans Meeting.

There will be a meeting of old sol-
diers and others tomorrow morn-
(Saturday) at the Central Towne club
rooms on Fourth avenue west. Non-
veterans of the war will speak.
Ladies are specially invited. Everybody
come, whether ex-soldiers or not, and
learn where the old soldiers of the coun-
try rally are upon the issues of the day.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

**ICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER**

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

Ambitious are we

Always have been and always will be—to get your trade and to get as
much of it as we possibly can—but we never employed but one system—
but one principle to get it, and this was to sell the most reliable merchan-
dise—to sell them at the lowest possible prices and to assure to everybody
alike the most courteous and fair treatment. This system is still as much
in force here as ever, and we can't improve on any of its items, except in
the matter of prices. Opportunities were more in our favor this season
than ever before in securing wares at much below their real value, and we
propose to give our trade the benefit of it.

Many Special Bargains for Tomorrow's Big Trade.

Cloak Room. Millinery.



Up to date styles. Largest assort-
ment. Reliable quality and lowest
prices are the few prominent features
in our Cloak Room. This is not mere
talk, but Gospel truth.

Jackets made of heavy beaver cloth, the
new shield front high storm collar in a back
blue or brown, just like cut,
worth \$3.00. Tomorrow only \$2.50.

Ladies' Coats, made of heavy beaver cloth,
with the new sleeve, box or shield front,
a bargain at \$12.50.

Jackets made of fine grade kersey or great
variety of beaver cloth, lined with heavy
satin, up to date in style and finish, be-
cause at \$10.00. Tomorrow only \$8.50.

Ladies' Capes, made of Salts water-
proof, heavy plush, lined with heavy
satin, edged with black. Fur, very full, in
swept and 30 inches long, considered a
bargain at \$15.00. Tomorrow only \$10.00.

Ladies' double Capes, made of heavy black
beaver cloth, trimmed with satin bands,
stitched heavily all around, usually cheap
at \$10.00. Tomorrow only \$7.00.

Ladies' double Capes, made from heavy black
beaver, 20 inches long, very full in sweep,
cheap at \$8.00. Tomorrow only \$5.25.

Children's Jackets,
made of heavy beaver
cloth, trimmed with
fancy gold and silver
in blue or brown,
similar to cut, tomor-
row only \$4.50.

Children's Jackets,
made of heavy beaver,
large collar collar,
trimmed with fur ex-
cellent garment at
\$5.00. Tomorrow only
\$3.59.

Children's eider-down Cloaks, trimmed with
Angora fur in red, gray and white, a bar-
gain at \$12.00. Tomorrow only \$9.95.

Ladies' electric seal Collarettes, trimmed
with fur, in blue or brown, similar to cut,
cheap at \$12.00. Tomorrow only \$7.50.

Ladies' double Capes, made of heavy black
beaver, lined with fur, perfect in hang and finish, sold
all over at \$4.00. Tomorrow only \$2.98.

Children's eider-down Cloaks, trimmed with
Angora fur in red, gray and white, a bar-
gain at \$12.00. Tomorrow only \$9.95.

Kid Gloves.

The most complete Glove Department in
the Northwest. A large shipment of new
Fall Gloves received today.

SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW.
15 dozen best quality French Biarritz (Gloves
in gray and tan, regular price \$1.79c,
price tomorrow \$1.50c.

10 dozen extra quality 2-strip black Mecha
Gloves, cheap at \$1.50, tomor-
row only \$1.00.

10 doz. the Corso Gloves for general
street wear, they are the most satisfactory
Gloves for strong wear—claret, tan, brown,
red and black, price

\$1.00

Underwear Dept.

A host of bargains in Ladies', Men's and
Children's Warm Underwear.

Men's heavy fleeced lined Shirts and Draw-
ers, sold every where at \$1.00,
our price only—

75c

Boys' heavy fleeced lined Shirts and Draw-
ers, cheap at the our price
tomorrow only

60c

Ladies' Jersey ribbed natural gray heavy-
weight Vests, cheap at 40c,
tomorrow only

25c

Ladies' Australian wool Jersey ribbed Vests
and Pants, regular price \$1.00;
tomorrow only

75c

Ladies' natural gray wool Combination
Suits, cheap at \$1.50, only

\$1.00

Ladies' fine English Cashmere
Hose, regular price 50c, tomorrow

35c

Ladies' silk-finish extra fine quality Cotton
Hose, double foot and heel, cheap
at 35c, tomorrow only

25c

Corsets.

Ladies' extra quality Sateen striped high
bust form Corset, regular price
50c, price tomorrow

60c

25 doz. fine French Tooth Brushes,
worth up to 25c each, tomorrow
choice at

10c

5 dozen Hair Brushes, cheap at 30c,
tomorrow only

19c

6 dozen full solid back French Hair Brushes
worth up to \$1.25 each, choice
tomorrow

60c

Half pound bars of transparent Glycerine
Soap, evenly scented, cheap at
25c, tomorrow only

10c

Large bottle Witch Hazel,
cheap at 10c, tomorrow only

7c

Real Ostrich Boas only \$2.98.
50 detachable real value
regular price \$5.00, tomor-
row only

\$2.98

15 yards long, real value
\$3.50, tomorrow only

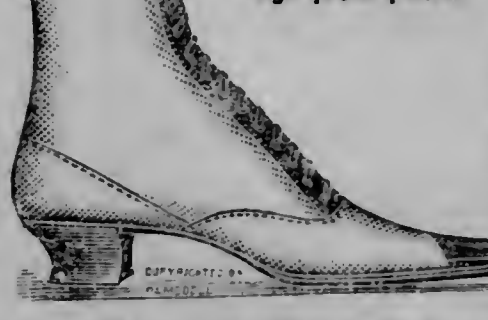
\$3.98

Extra heavy weight Shirts and Drawers,
made from long fiber wool, sold at most
other stores at \$2.00 each,
our price only

\$1.50

SHOES

Constantly offering
Bargains. The best
of everything, but no
high profit prices.



Our Ladies' Box Calf Shoes are great for
style and in every particular are representa-
tives of the best shoemaking. They can be
worn without rubbers, are waterproof and
always keep soft, and flexible. We
offer a splendid article

\$2.98
at—per pair

THE NEW COIN TOE—We have added
to our large varied assortment of Ladies'
Shoes. If you desire to have the latest thing
in the market from every standpoint, that
are dressy and comfortable, they will please
your estimation roles.

\$2.98
Sale price—per pair

Excellent values in Ladies' Shoes at
\$1.25, \$1.39, \$1.48, \$1.98

Big values in Misses' and Children's Shoes
at—per pair

95c, \$1.19 and \$1.23.

See our Boys' and Youth's Shoes. Big as-
ortment to select from. Sellers, wearers at—
per pair

\$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.48.

Lowest Prices for best qualities

GROCERY DEPT.

FRUIT PLATES.
6-inch decorated Vienna China Fruit Plates,
regular price 15c each. Saturday

10c
each.

BONE PLATES.
Decorated Bone Plates, in fancy floral de-
corations, regular price \$1.75 doz. For

60c
Saturday's trade

CARVING SETS.
20 Carving Knives and Forks, Sheffield
made, with ring handles, worth \$1.50 per
set. Saturday they go

85c

BANQUET LAMPS.
Polished brass Banquet Lamps, complete
with silk shades and candle, draught
each

\$2.48

BRACKET LAMPS.
Bracket Lamp, complete with burner and
reflector, regular price 45c

45c
Saturday, each.

HARDWARE DEPT.

BLAW CUTTERS.
Handmade Saw Cutters with ad-
justable steel blades; Saturday, each

19c

CAKE GRIDDLES.
10-inch polished steel Cake Griddles,
regular price 45c each;

29c
Saturday, each.

HINGING KNIVES.
Double-bladed Steel Hinging Knives,
worth 15c; Saturday, each

5c

CHOPPING BOWLS.
15-inch Wood Chopping Bowls,
Saturday, each

6c

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1896.

14-00000

house where the distribution of
of admission to the convention hall

to \$241,726,332; gold reserve, \$119,736,600.

owing to ill health had not been officiating since his election. blew out his brains, young and unmarried.

power as I possess to strengthen the pillars and establishing its bulwarks. I have no doubt that the noble Thacher's declination will be the result of a just and proper consideration by a branch of the regency. Democracy of Daniel G. Griffin, on the issues, and the endorsement of a national platform, is a matter of course. It is believed that this is a factory to Mr. Hill. Tammany is, however, may insist upon its own course, and at the same time, compromise its principles. It may be a sign for the promotion of Judge Porter for a place, and Elliott Danforth to succeed him. It is absolutely denied that Mr. Butler wrote any letter to Mr. Thacher. It is also denied that he has any interest in anybody such a desire. The story is made out of whole cloth.

14-00000

DROPPED

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12-14 Lake Avenue North, Duluth, Minn.

R. R. Smith, Manager.

IT WAS VERY "UPSETTIN'":

A party of tourists were out riding in Kansas one afternoon, when they came to an old house, in the doorway of which stood a poor, old, bent old man with magnificent yellow peaches, said to be the New York World's "biggest peach." "Can't you buy some?" said one of the party, and he agreed to go in the door and ask for a basket of them.

A wiry, active little woman came out.

"Howdy do?" she said cheerily. "Huh! dusty, ain't it? We need rain to wash it out. The lot of us 'bout here. We're all in a clutter here now. I can't keep my house in such a mess. I can't get out of the clutter. The fact is we're all upset today. To come right out and tell the honest truth, I don't know what to do. I can't get right after breakfast, an' it's kind of unclean things generally an' use all the things I know that a regular death in the family is awfully upsettin', an' when it comes to a suicide 'tis a good deal worse."

"I never was quite so upset. If I had been, I would have been here some other day but a Monday, when we have got back bakin' an' washin' an' cleanin' an' puttin' things away, an' I would have said to you, 'I'm sorry, but I can't do anythin' for you now.' I'd go out an' pick 'em for you if he hadn't cut up the place. I know that. 'Tis terrible, terrible an' all around."

AN ENGLISH FUNNYSM.

Some curious and instructive facts have been furnished by the Foreign Office to the British labour department of the home office. The English labour force has a capacity, as seen in statistics, has increased by 100 per cent. in the last 20 years. This is laid by some on the introduction of the eight-hour working day, and some on the fact that the English firms who have tried the eight-hour day have been successful. But there is no reason for any man to accompany the English labour force, and the reduction of the day from twelve hours to eight, the labour force.

The jealousy of some employers is indirectly referred to, and it is pointed out that the English firm dismissed their boss man because he was too good for his job, and that their servants to earn several thousand

they discharged him, and themselves made a market for his moral and moral garment. This state commercial ethics is hard to understand in this country where, lack of his master, but in England, where caste instinct is still strong, the local, a servant making much more than a free man, it is not surprising that a large proportion of English workers would a great deal rather work on a ten-hour day than making on a day of nine hours. One of the points touched on by the speaker was revealing. When the eight-hour movement was first started, the employers' opponents insisted that the hour so made would be wasted in dressing and undressing. In the last case, on the track, it seems to have had a beneficial effect both on the morals and physique of the mass of the people. The workers of the country are generally better than they were, and statistics confirm the fact that the moral and physical rapidly superseding her as a beverage.

IS YOUR BRAIN TIRED?

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It supplies needed food for the brain and nerves and makes exertion easy.

Garload Delivery Horses and Cattle

Just received at J. Hammel & Co. 614½ West Lincoln

MILKLINE OPENING
Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 30, Oct. 1, at Mrs. M. J. Forgy's, 125 Superior street, over Big Duluth.

RIGHT TO THE MARK.
That's what advertisement means. He wants to get the best because they're read by people who want to buy or sell.

Politics makes strange bedfellows. The London National Daily

Strangers Friends

DUKE

Big C is a non-political, non-party, non-sectarian, Dispersal

BIG
in 1 to 3 days.
Quarantined
not to exercise,
prevents contagion.
THE HAHN CREMICH CO.
CHICAGO, ILL.
U. S. A.
Small

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE in 48 HOURS the same diseases with inconvenience.
Sold by all druggists

ALL STYLES AND SIZES FOR EVERY KIND OF FUEL.

THE GENUINE ALL BEAR THIS TRADE-MARK. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES

The World's Best

A full line of Granite Ware and House Furnishing Goods at Prices to suit the times. We buy in large quantities and will give you the benefit.

Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.,
409-411 SUPERIOR STREET WEST.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion clerk, W. A. Foster. Kates, unions removed, 3 Phoenix bldg. Kelly cleaned your suit. It's clean. After Sept. 15 the St. Louis hotel will make special rates for parties desiring board for the winter.

C. J. West will lecture before the stationery engineers at their hall in the Hunter building this evening on "Boiler Feed Pumps."

The fall reunion at Pilgrim Congregational church last evening was well attended and the program given proved to be very entertaining.

Tonight at the Central Towne headquarters there will be a meeting which veterans of the war are particularly requested to come. Dr. Maxwell, Bartlett, Minot and others will answer the arguments put forth by Gen. Sickles and other "generals" who were here Thursday evening.

The birth of a son to Rocco and Christina Caputo, of 1019 West Second street, has been reported to the health department.

Right Rev. Bishop McGillicuddy, assisted by Father Mackey, will administer confirmation tomorrow at Two Harbors.

Rev. Mr. Bruce, of the African Methodist church, will address the meeting at prohibition headquarters tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock. The reverend gentleman was announced for last Sunday, but failed to get back in time from the Methodist conference that he had been attending.

John Smith was arrested yesterday afternoon on complaint of John Bader, who charged Smith with an assault. The quarrel arose over some money one party was alleged to owe the other and Smith slapped Bader's face. The defendant was fined \$3 and costs, which he paid.

A social hop will be given by Duluth No. 1 Knights of the Macabees, at Hunter's hall next Thursday evening. J. L. Prosser, of 5014 London road, was doubly surprised last evening. On arriving at his home he found a large party of Lester Park friends gathered in honor of his birthday. They brought with them a variable feast of dainties and flowers, and numerous gifts. After two hours of social chat, the first surprise was followed by the arrival of another party of Duluth and Superior people. Mr. Prosser was completely surprised, and the occasion was one of great pleasure to all.

FOR RENT CHEAP

An 8-room house on West First street, five blocks from Spalding House, has all modern conveniences, such as water, gas, sewers, bath room, etc., but is located by stores. Inquire Cashier Herald office, or of A. M. Hayes, of George Crosby, 106 Providence bldg.

Object to Loafers.

The following notice was placed on a large placard and posted up in the window of Morrison & Smith's establishment, next the "goldbug" headquarters, today:

"Wanted—A few more loafers to stand in front of this store, oggle the ladies and spit tobacco juice on the sidewalk."

Patience seems to have ceased to be a virtue with Morrison & Smith, and they probably have just cause for their disgust.

No More Credit.

The Real Grocers' association, of which nearly every grocery store in the city is a member, has decided on a new policy. After Oct. 1 no store in the association will open its books to new credit customers. This action has been taken for mutual protection. The grocers claim that many people own a bill at one place as long as they can and then change to another, and it is to prevent this that the agreement was made.

Public Stenographer.

C. R. Smith, 118 Chamber of Commerce.

PERSONALS.

Thomas R. Irvine, who for the past three months has been visiting his parents at their home on Park Point, left Thursday for his home in Alexandria, Ind.

J. A. Sutherland, of Rochester, N. Y., is in the city.

James Shoemaker, of Mankato, is at the St. Louis.

J. W. Holmes, of Topeka, Kas., was here last evening.

H. Everett, of West Hurley, Wis., is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wigginton, who have been at Minneapolis for several days, have returned. Mrs. Wigginton was attending the meeting of the grand lodge of Rathbone Sisters.

W. L. Miller left this afternoon for Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Haupt left for a visit to the East this afternoon.

John J. Rhodes came up from St. Paul this morning.

C. H. Madden, of Ashland, is in the city.

C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

Mr. Towne & Mr. Bader. Discussed the campaign issues in joint debate. There is no discussion as to who is the leading clothes cleaner. It's "KELLY." Garment dyeing a specialty. "Furs" cleaned. Both ladies' and gent's hats cleaned, dyed and blocked to any shape or style.

"KELLY," Lyceum Building.

THE LISBON CASE.

It Will Wind Up the Criminal Calendar.

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Judge Mori will take up the struck jury case of John Peterson against the Adams Mining company Monday. Judge Ensign will continue with the Lisbon case and Tuesday Judge Williston will arrive and take up the court cases.

This morning Judge Mori sat on the bench for the first time since the term began. He is much improved in health and will probably be able to continue the rest of the term. He heard a short and uninteresting special term calendar this morning. The only case of much importance was the application of M. M. Gasser to have returned to him a deposit made with the Security bank the day before it failed. The case was continued until next Saturday.

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Just received—Carroll heavy draught and driving.

HORSES!

Five saddle horses, matched or single pairs, drivers cheap—must be sold quick. Another carload on the way.

Duluth Coaching Club Stable, Alley near First street and Sixth Ave. West.

For pictures and frames call on us and save money. C. Decker, 905 West Michigan street.

Wanted—Bids for building frame school house. Apply at School District No. 1, Rice Lake, Thursday evening, Oct. 1, at 7 p. m.

PETER E. MICHELS, Clerk.

THE FAIR

Great Work Being Done in Preparation For Next Week's Event.

The Race Track Is Hard and Will Be In Fine Condition.

Horses Have Already Begun to Arrive—Many Special Premiums.

The county fair people have done wonders in the way of providing complete and attractive grounds at the Onota park. The buildings are now all completed except those which will be put up by private parties. These will be exclusive of the main building.

The track is being constantly sprinkled and rolled and is in good condition now and by the time it is needed will be as firm and good a half-mile track as there is in the country.

The exhibit of chess which took first prize at the Minnesota state fair has been entered and will be one of the most attractive exhibits.

There will be a large number of special prizes offered as premiums for various exhibits and products, a list of which will be announced in this paper Monday. Gronech & Olson offer a prize of \$5 in gold as a first premium and a barrel of flour as a second premium and a sack of flour as a third premium for the best bread made from their brand of "Viking Pride" flour.

The horses which will appear in the races are arriving in the city rapidly. The twenty races which came today are quarantined on the grounds.

Space for exhibitors is nearly all filled and inquiry for more is quite active. There will be some unusually novel and attractive exhibits. The arrangement of the two floors to the building gives most ample opportunities for the best display of exhibits. The management deserves great credit for the rapidly with which it has pushed forward the whole enterprise, and ought to have assistance and encouragement from everyone.

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NOTICE.

Whereas, the managers of the Republican campaign have announced that no further discussion will be allowed in their headquarters; and, whereas, this is a campaign of education; now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that all persons, irrespective of party affiliations, are cordially invited to come to the Silver headquarters, at the old postoffice building, at any time, day or night, and discuss the issues of the campaign. Gold men are especially invited and will receive courteous treatment. EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

HASKINS NOT OUT.

Difference of Opinion in the Humane Society.

There has been no material change in the situation in Humane society affairs during the last few days. Henry Haskins still says he will not go, and President Woodbridge of the society says that Henry "doesn't have to." The latter says that the action resulting in the demand for Haskins' resignation is irregular, because of the fact, in the first place, that the sole authority to appoint and remove officers is vested in the president and the executive committee, and, in the second place, the meeting at which such action was taken was a special meeting, the notices of which did not state specifically what matter was to be considered.

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PETER E. MICHELS, Clerk.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE PAVILION.

(Perfectly heated)

Tonight and Sunday Night.

Dumas' Greatest Play.

Camille!

With complete cast by this

Falstaff company.

Prices 10c, 15c, 25c. Seats at Boyce's Drug Store.

LYCEUM THEATRE.

L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

Monday and Tuesday,

Sept. 28 and 29.

A laughing series of domestic

tragedies—the enormous

audience hit.

"Charley's

Aunt" By

ANDERSON

THOMAS.

Management of—

Julius Cahn.

POPULAR PRICES.

PAVILION BALL.

Opening of the Season.

THURSDAY EVENING, OCT. 1st.

As a Testimonial to the Falstaff Company.

Members of Committee: Wm. C. Sargent,

Frank E. Wyman, John G. Benson, A. Gas-

ser, Robt. S. Wilson, Herbert V. Kva, David

H. Costello, J. E. Morin, H. E. Gibson, J. K.

Wigton, Frederick Scoville, Carl S.

Stockwell, John H. Cartmel, Odip Halden.

At 8:30 o'clock the Falstaff Company will

present their very successful play in one act,

"Two Can Play at This Game." The re-

mainder of the evening will be devoted to

dancing. Tickets, including play, \$1.

Admitting one Gentleman and Ladies.

Tickets may be secured at the Pavilion or

Boyce's Drug Store.

For particulars, write to

PAUL FURNITURE COMPANY,

OF CARGILL & CAMPBELL.

SALOON FIXTURES

FOR SALE!

The fixtures and furniture now in Car-

roll & Campbell's place, 421 West, Su-

perior street, joining the Lyceum, will

be sold at a bargain. They are entirely

new and have been placed there tem-

porarily, until special fixtures now being

made are completed and can be de-

livered—about Oct. 15th.

For particulars, write to

PAUL FURNITURE COMPANY,

OF CARGILL & CAMPBELL.

For Rent

Nice house, all modern improve-

ments, city water, per

month.....\$30

Small new house, center of city,

with water, per month.....\$14

Good house, Sixteenth Avenue

East, at.....\$13

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

HOUSES, STORES AND

REAL ESTATE.

Torrey Building,

First Floor.

CHEAP FARMS

We have improved and unimproved farms for sale in St. Louis, Carlton, Kennebake and Morrison counties. Money to loan on real estate and farms. If you have anything to sell list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO.,

47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

Only One Cent per Copy

Until further notice, this will be the

price of the daily

NEW YORK

JOURNAL AND WORLD

—AT—

LUNDBERG & STONE'S

NEWS STAND.

223 West Superior Street.

Headquarters for all popular and reliable

newspapers in the world. Special rates on

regular subscriptions and prompt delivery

guaranteed.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1896.

A Careful, Hardworking Official.

The Herald tonight exhibits a most excellent likeness of one of the most promising of our local Republican candidates, that of Peter J. Borgstrom, the candidate for the office of register of deeds. Mr. Borgstrom, if he is elected this fall, will not be a strange occupant of the building on the hill which, though resembling in its uncouth exterior a brewery of the vintage of 1854, is dignified by the title of court house. He has been there for two years, or it will be two years on the 1st of January.

If the prophecies of his friends are true, he will still be there when the elections of 1898 roll around, for his pleasing personal qualities have gathered about him a coterie of friends who are energetic and persistent in their efforts to put him back again.

Of Mr. Borgstrom's administration of the public office entrusted to his care, and that office is by no means the least in importance in the county, it may be truthfully said that it speaks volumes for itself. If anyone asks Mr. Borgstrom to give an accounting of the trust given into his hands by the people, he has only to throw open the doors of the office of the register of deeds, hand out the records of the office and bid the questioner examine for himself.

While not exactly the most important office in the county, the office of register of deeds is well up toward the top. The details of the office work are fine and they need careful, considerate attention. The title to lands and city property are all recorded in this office, with all the steps and transfers that have ever affected the ownership of the lands, and the slightest mistake might mean much trouble and litigation to the owners. To conduct an office of this kind the people should choose a man who is not only careful and attentive in detail, but who is faithful enough to familiarize himself with the work, to secure a competent force of deputies and clerks, and to see that the work of the office is carried out on systematic and business-like lines.

This the people observed when they selected Peter J. Borgstrom.

These qualities have been applied to his work and on these lines has the office been conducted.

When Mr. Borgstrom went into the office the first thing he did was to thoroughly learn its workings. In this his past experience aided him greatly. Next he surrounded himself with a capable force of clerks and deputies, headed by R. O. Lee, who as head deputy under the former register had had much experience in the work. Then, introducing his force to the systems of the office he directed the work in a manner that insured its being done satisfactorily and well. This continued up to the present time, and there is no reason why it should not continue as long as Mr. Borgstrom holds the office.

Incidentally he introduced many little improvements in the workings of the office, until now it has resolved itself into a system that cannot be surpassed.

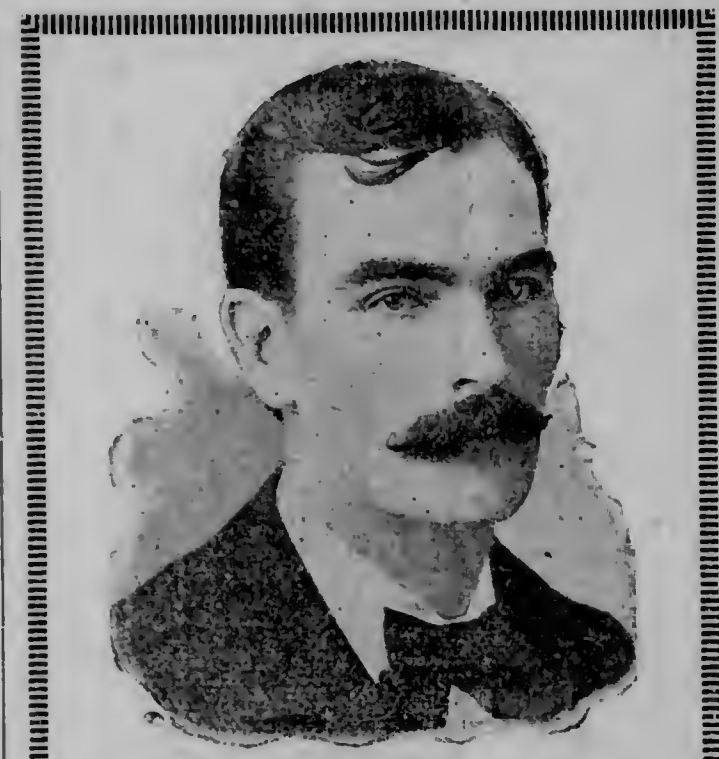
Naturally, when a man is of sufficient prominence to warrant his being elected to an important office in the county, the people are interested in knowing something of his personal characteristics and his career. In order that those of the people who are not acquainted with Mr. Borgstrom in his official or private capacities may have an opportunity of hearing about these things, the following sketch of Peter J. Borgstrom and his career are given.

Mr. Borgstrom's greatest and most prominent characteristics are his extreme courtesy and willingness to oblige. There are very few men in whom these traits are so fully and so pleasingly developed. At all times his services and his energies are at the disposal of those who have business at the office of the register of deeds, and never is a request for information or a demand upon his untiring energies turned down.

By nature he is very modest and retiring, and he is a man of whom the public might have known little had not his friends been so impressed with his manifold excellencies that almost against his will they dragged him out of his privacy and into public life, there to do well the people's work as his friends believed him capable of doing.

Mr. Borgstrom, as his name might indicate, is one of this country's adopted citizens, but is none the less a good citizen on that account. He is a Scandi-

navian by birth and descent, and a representative one at that. Among his own countrymen, who form a large body of the most industrious, sober and law-abiding members of this community, he is a prime favorite, and he can safely count upon a very large support from them as well as from other nationalities, including the native born Americans.



PETER J. BORGSTROM,
Republican
Candidate for Register
of Deeds.

The subject of this sketch sprang, like so many of our prominent men in business and political life, from plain people. He was born on a farm near Ostersund, Sweden, Jan. 19, 1864. He received his education in the schools of that country. At an early age he evinced great natural talent and ambition, and he finished the course provided in the Swedish schools at the early age of 12, in 1876, receiving at the conclusion of his studies a very flattering certificate.

Soon after leaving school, Mr. Borgstrom took a

position in a store near his birthplace, and in this occupation he continued during most of the time until 1881. In this year, Mr. Borgstrom, then being at the age of 17, accompanied his parents in their long journey to America, out into what was to them the faraway state of Minnesota. His father settled at Willmar, Kandiyohi county, and Mr. Borgstrom spent his first summer working for the farmers in the vicinity of Willmar, where he formed an acquaintance with the arts of harvesting, stacking and threshing grain, which developed and hardened the muscles somewhat enervated by work in the Swedish store.

Later in the fall Mr. Borgstrom varied his occupation by accepting a position in the postoffice at Willmar. Here, for nearly two years, he wrestled with Uncle Sam's mails. At the end of that time he left the postoffice to take a position with the firm of A. Larson & Co., of Willmar, as clerk in the general merchandise department. In April, 1885, he left this occupation, having resolved to strike out for himself and find out what was in store for him in new sections. When he left both of these Willmar situations, by the way, he received very flattering recommendations.

His next move was to go to California, where he remained a year, working most of the time on a fruit ranch near Napa City. At the end of this time he realized that Minnesota had more inducements to offer for a poor man, and he returned to Willmar in 1886. He returned to the employ of A. Larson & Co., and he continued with them until Jan. 15, 1890, when he left the firm's employ. The reason for this will appeal to many Duluthians. He had heard of Duluth's growth and prosperity and he had decided to cast his fortunes with this rising city.

He settled down in West Duluth and received a position in a real estate office. In the spring of 1892 he was elected recorder of the village of West Duluth, and so satisfactorily did he perform the duties of this office that he was re-elected in 1893. He continued in that capacity until Jan. 1, 1894, when the village of West Duluth became a part of Duluth. For

some time after the annexation he was employed in the city comptroller's office in connection with the task of absorbing the existence of the village into that of the city.

In 1894 Mr. Borgstrom received the nomination of the Republican party for register of deeds, and in the fall he was elected by a majority of nearly 2000 votes over the two contesting candidates on the Democratic and Populist tickets. The total vote cast for register of deeds was 12,022, of which Mr. Borgstrom received the magnificent total of 7045. This summer the Republican county convention gave him an unqualified endorsement by renominating him by a large majority.

Mr. Borgstrom is a member of the I. O. O. F., Modern Woodmen of America, the Macabebes, and other fraternal organizations. His aged parents are now living with him at his home in West Duluth, and are being cared for by him in their old age. His only brother is a farmer, and lives on a piece of land a few miles from Duluth. Mr. Borgstrom has many friends in Willmar, his old residence, and the Willmar Argus recently said: "We are pleased to note that P. J. Borgstrom, formerly of this place, has been renominated by the Republicans of St. Louis county to the office of register of deeds. His many friends here would like to vote for him."

Such is the career of Peter J. Borgstrom, the present register of deeds and a candidate for re-election. He has been a hard worker all his life for himself, and when he became a servant of the people he continued that hard work for his new employer. He will continue the work, there is little doubt, and the people of St. Louis county cannot well do better than to return to office a man who has so acceptably filled that office once. He has many friends in Duluth who are anxious to see him elected, and they are sparing no efforts to win him votes. The chances are good that for another two years Peter J. Borgstrom will be the register of deeds for St. Louis county and the taxpayers may rest assured that the work will be well and economically done, for Mr. Borgstrom is a taxpayer and property holder himself.

A Representative Scandinavian Citizen.

THE OFFER

Interesting Review of the
Gas and Water Bond-
holders' Proposition.

Reasons Why the Offer is
Regarded as Fair and
Satisfactory.

The Bondholders Think That
a Very Low Price is
Named.

Next to the political issues, the question that is receiving most attention from the people of Duluth at the present time is the water question. The selling of the water bonds has enabled the city to go ahead with the construction of the new intake, etc., and public attention is now directed to the negotiations for the purchase of the company's plant. The proposition made by the bondholders is now before the council, and consequently the following letter written by Charles H. Coffin, vice president of the Municipal Investment company, of Chicago, to J. L. Washburn, of this city, pointing out why, in his opinion, the offer is fair and reasonable, will prove of general public interest.

Dear Sir: In my hurried talk with you I had no opportunity to fully and clearly state all the reasons why I thought the city of Duluth would be making a good, wise and cheap purchase of the gas and water company if they were to accept the offer made by Messrs. Cole and Gay to convey to them the plants upon the assumption by the city of \$250,000 of first mortgage 6 per cent bonds, the city giving to Messrs. Cole and Gay and associates \$149,000 of 30-year 5 per cent Duluth city gold bonds in exchange for a deed to the plant, subject only to the 6 per cent bonds above noted. I therefore now beg to call your attention to a summary of the reasons for this opinion and belief.

COST OF PLANT.

The books of the company show that the cost of this plant—that is, the actual money expended thereon—was in excess of \$2,000,000. This money was spent under a contract or franchise with the city of Duluth, which contract has not been held invalid or pronounced by any court illegal except as to that feature thereof which grants an exclusive fran-

chise. The same decision practically holds that the gas plant is to continue the payment of hydrant rentals and to purchase the plant under the terms of the franchise, which is to be fully and completely set forth later on. To this, objections are made by some of your people that they believe a quo warranto suit will ultimately declare the franchise forfeited. We may say that this has not been done, and our attorneys advise us that the courts will inevitably rule that this is not the proper remedy and that this is no danger of any interference from the state until we violate some of the provisions of the charter granted by the state. It is further objected that a great depreciation has occurred in the plants, and this is certainly true as to the cost of iron. We ourselves well recall having paid \$50 per ton for some iron going into the pipe system which could now be bought for \$27.50. Our answer to this is that this depreciation is very fully allowed for in deducting more than \$500,000 from the cost of the plant in our present price. And, in the high prices by express orders of the city council, as may be found among the ordinances inculcated in your minute book.

Another objection is that the pipes in the ground have deteriorated. No evidence is produced of this. Excavations show the pipe system to be in excellent condition, and manufacturers of pipe tell us that it will last 100 years, with the possible exception of some stretches of lead pipe, and this appears—while somewhat subject to leakage—like doing good service and not at all necessary to replace at present. As this investment was made in good faith by the stockholders and bondholders and under a contract which arranged that the city should buy the plant, many of the bondholders think the depreciation—if any—should fall upon this city and not upon them.

EARNING POWER.

The net earnings of the gas and water company for the year 1894, after making all proper deductions, were \$123,000. The net earnings for 1895 were about \$135,000 and the net earnings for 1896 were \$119,000. A small further shrinkage is noted this year, owing, we believe, entirely to the fact that the gas plant is operated now by electric people who are interested in making its earnings less. There is also possibly some shrinkage in water income due to the hard times of the excitement worked up over the alleged typhoid fever germs. We think it perfectly fair to say that a good active manager of the gas works interested in competing with the electric works and developing the income that plant within twelve months by at least \$20,000 per annum, and experience has shown that the ordinary growth of Duluth when not checked by panic would have increased the value of the plant income. The bondholders by now acquiring possession and selling this plant have the prospect of all this extra income of income to secure which their money was put out and invested, and they are to give it to the city.

When the franchise was drawn the arbitration clause was inserted to prevent the city from buying the plant and the company, and if that were now acted upon the arbitrators would be forced to award the present value of these two plants as \$2,500,000. If therefore the present owners sacrifice all the future earnings and reduce the price fixed by

arbitration—which was a 5 per cent advance on the \$2,000,000 down to \$1,695,000 they would appear to have met all the shrinkage they should be called upon to bear.

INCOME ON INVESTMENT.

By taking the above earnings it will be found that at the price at which the plant is offered to the city it can be safely promised that the earnings would be 7 per cent per annum on that price, and probably 7½ per cent per annum the first year. In fact that is the average of the past three years. Is it not perfectly apparent to every man familiar with investments that if the city would withdraw its attempts to force the franchise or injure the property of this company, that the present bondholders could most easily and readily sell the plant for the price they now offer for it to the city? In confirmation of this fact, Messrs. Coffin and Gay beg to say that they were informed by two wealthy capitalists well known in Duluth, but not residents there—that if they could secure the settlement of the litigation now pending between the company and the city these capitalists would gladly buy the plants at the price offered to the city.

Let it be noted and made plain to every citizen that the proposition now pending is to sell the two plants to the city at a price which will pay the city 5 per cent interest upon

its investment, and to take the payment in 5 per cent bonds, so that right from the start without any further growth the city would earn a surplus income of 2 per cent.

INTAKE BONDS.

The city has now sold \$1,000,000 of 5 per cent bonds to put in an intake. This while probably a necessary improvement is certainly productive of no income, but simply largely increases the taxes on these bonds and the intake may be kept up. The expense of maintaining it will amount to a considerable sum, but if the city will now go on and buy from us both plants the present surplus income will pay the interest upon the intake bonds and the interest on the new bonds necessary to be issued works now all the gain in income arising hereafter can be applied to reducing the rates. We estimate that in prosperous times the income from these plants should increase \$20,000 each year. If so, the city could readily and easily inaugurate a plan of reducing the present water rates 10 per cent each year. This present gas rates are certainly low enough to satisfy the most economical person when the disadvantages are considered.

WATER RATES.

It is objected by some of the citizens that the present income is owing to the rates being too high. To this we answer that the rates were fixed by the ordinance as a part of the contract at a time when no one else would build works for the city, and based upon them, the securities of the company were issued, but if the city buys the works now all the gain in income arising hereafter can be applied to reducing the rates. We estimate that in prosperous times the income from these plants should increase \$20,000 each year. If so, the city could readily and easily inaugurate a plan of reducing the present water rates 10 per cent each year. This present gas rates are certainly low enough to satisfy the most economical person when the disadvantages are considered.

ADDITIONS TO ESTIMATE.

We believe the engineer to be a candid man fairly disposed. He readily admitted in conversation a point to which we wish to call the special attention of the citizens of Duluth. Accepting the price of \$1,775,000 named by the city council offer as being a possible cost of replacement of the bare skeleton of the plant, it would be safe to add the following sums and considerations which should be duly allowed for: viz: We think the best construction of a parallel plant it would be forced to advertise and sell bonds therefor covering the cost of the plant. The city would also have to stand the intake bonds. There would therefore be about \$2,500,000 of bonds

outstanding which would bear 5 per cent interest amounting to \$125,000. The city engineer thought the two plants could be built and put in connection with our plants in about two years. We think it would take longer than that to build them and to make all the necessary connections and take away our customers, but if that were the limit of time we think it safe to say that the city would be out of pocket \$250,000 of interest. We are certainly entitled to have this added to the cost of our plant.

AGENTS. During the same two years the earnings of the water company and gas company even if there is no improvement in the local situation would amount to about \$240,000. The city would receive the benefit of these earnings if it bought the plant at the price offered.

CONNECTIONS.

Every one is familiar with the difficulty and expense involved in connecting the present gas and water mains with the houses. The total cost of these connections would be about \$400,000. At present prices these connections could be made for about \$200,000. This expense would be avoided by buying our plants. It is true, as the city engineer says, this expense would be borne by each household in the form of a higher rate. But as it comes out of the same people's pockets we do not think this a good answer.

FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS.

We would also point out that each and every household in the city of Duluth, if no connections were put in, must have its foundation wall pierced therefore; must have its plumbing readjusted; must have the front yard cut up with trenches, and that said trenches must go out to the new pipes laid in the streets. Also the gas pipes and the water pipes now occupy generally one side of the street, the sewer another side, and on the important streets the street railway line is in the center. None of these properties could be safely touched or damaged by the workmen while putting in the new mains or the connections to the houses. The courts would undoubtedly protect the present owners in this position, therefore the new pipes would have to be laid with the greatest care, and to make them safe from frost would have to be put deeper than the present pipes. They could not be put on the same level, because they would then conflict; and further, the laying of systems of gas and water pipes on business streets like Superior street, could only be done one square at a time. The blasting by powder or dynamite would break windows in the buildings and stores, the great piles of debris in the streets would cut off the trade of the merchants and stop the operation of the street car lines. We believe a still more serious consideration is that many able physicians do not believe that what is called typhoid fever in Duluth is the same thing as typhoid fever in the East, and do not believe that it comes from the water, or that the present methods are sufficient to keep it out of the water, the fact being that all the towns on Lake Superior have the so-called typhoid fever, and that quite probably it is a fever of similar type to typhoid, but brought on by the excavation of the saturated soil and rock upon which your city stands. The turning over of the soil will cause a more danger to health and life than the water does. We think physicians who do not agree with us as to typhoid fever would agree with us in this statement, and would caution the city against

a great and general excavation of the rock and soil upon which it is built.

CANNOT THE BONDHOLDERS ACCEPT A LOWER PRICE?

This question is frequently put to us, and especially by the much respected committee of the jobbers' union. We think we have shown in the foregoing arguments that the price named, \$1,695,000, is a very low price, and that based upon considerations of cost of plant, earnings, provisions of franchise, cost of replacement, and general considerations of abstract justice, the price we have named is low enough.

The first vote taken by the city was to purchase these works of Mr. Belknap at \$2,000,000, payable in 4 per cent bonds. We think there are few intelligent business men in Duluth who will not regret that this decision was not carried out. Even the gain to the city in the reduction of the price to the present figures at which we are offering the plants has been far more than lost by the injury to the city's credit; the raising of the general rate of interest not only on the obligations of the city, but upon those of all corporations and borrowers within its limits; the delay in employing workmen at the critical time, and the general discouragement which has resulted from the blockade, and many other considerations which are apparent to all—prove that the purchase of the plants has been wise at that time even if the price was deemed excessive. It would be impossible for the city to float a bond bearing less than 5 per cent interest, several of the most powerful bond houses in the trade having been entirely unable to use the city's bonds at that rate, and, after three months of effort, having been compelled to withdraw from their contract. The gas and water company, on its side, has suffered heavily from the contest, being unable to issue bonds to cover its floating debt or to expand its system, and having suffered some loss of income, and the stockholders of that company are now to be wiped out in this transaction. It would, therefore, seem to be to the best interests of all parties to now come together upon the price which has been named.

GAS AND WATER COMPANY BONDHOLDERS.

We wish to make it plain to every citizen what a severe loss and shrinkage is involved in this sale, and why a lower price cannot be accepted. There are outstanding \$255,000 of first mortgage 6 per cent bonds. It has been found impossible to get these bonds in. A large premium has been offered for them. In all the propositions which have been made, therefore, it has been arranged that the city should assume these bonds. We think we might be able to get some of the bonds in afterwards in exchange for the city's 5 per cent bonds, as the first mortgage bonds have only ten years to run, and this argument might bring in some of the bonds. The other securities outstanding are \$1,500,000 of consolidated mortgage 5 per cent bonds, a floating debt, and a capital stock of \$80,000.

The stock of this company has been bought and sold from 45 cents to 60 cents on the dollar, and at the most critical period of the recent litigation between the city and the company a large block of this stock was sold for cash at between 25 cents and 30 cents.

The present proposition contemplates wiping out this stock and the floating debt entirely and surrendering \$1,500,000 of the bonds in exchange for \$1,695,000 of the city's 5 per cent bonds. It will be seen that a very heavy loss falls upon the bondholders in addition to the extinction of the stock. The majority of the bonds, \$1,000,000, are held in England by eighty-five scattered investors, many of them British islanders who have been educated to have the greatest confidence in Duluth and the merit of investment in your city. Your corporations, and even your private citizens.

SALE OF CITY BONDS.

The syndicate which has just purchased the intake bonds and paid the \$200,000 advance is composed of a wealthy London house which has floated some of the largest blocks of American securities in London, including a part of the original Duluth Gas and Water company's 5 per cent bonds. They make confidence in Duluth and whose ability to place Duluth securities are well known to everyone. They make secret of their plans in this matter. The reasons for buying were plainly stated in your newspapers by Messrs. Coffin and Gay. Should the city now proceed to acquire the works at the fair price at which they are offered, it is the intention of the associated houses to bring out those bonds by public issue in London and probably also at the same time or afterwards in Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia and New York. This issue would be accompanied by the widespread advertisement of the city of Duluth and its advantages, and by the announcement made to all the world that a satisfactory settlement of the war had been reached and that the city was no longer in the attitude of attacking the property of innocent investors. We believe this would be a great and valuable benefit to the city and the citizens and the termination of the very expensive litigation on hand and in prospect would not only save money but have many other advantages. It is quite certain that a continuance of the fight would involve both parties in heavy expense and protracted litigation. All law suits have been suspended by direction of the bondholders in order that this effort may be made to see if the city will not do them justice by meeting the proposition made to the city by them in a fair spirit, and it is with the most earnest desire for fairness that we ask the kind consideration of the citizens of Duluth to this letter.

Your counsel has seen fit to reject the proposition made by us and endorsed by the jobbers' union to settle the price of this plant by arbitration as proposed by the franchise. We hope this indicates on the part of the council a belief that they are not justice in this matter, and from our recent intercourse with them we are disposed to believe that they will only need to realize and

(Continued on page 10.)

THE LABORERS' UNION

That organized labor of Duluth will have a labor temple that will be a credit to it and to the city may be taken as an assured fact. At last night's meeting of the Trades and Labor assembly, it was voted to devote \$400 of the proceeds of the Labor day celebration to the temple building fund, which, with the \$200 donated by the Plumbers' union, gives the project a handsome start.

The chair, in accordance with a resolution passed at the previous meeting, announced the appointment of a permanent labor temple committee consisting of E. R. Cobb, G. C. Findley, O. Strum, C. H. Thompson, J. A. Ellis and T. Dimlin.

There was considerable discussion as to the advisability of the assembly embarking in a scheme for a joint debate between "Laborer" Rankin and a representative of laboring men who work. E. R. Cobb said that the city had been afflicted with Mr. Rankin, who claimed to be a laboring man, a good many years ago, and that it is reported he is coming back. He suggested that it would be a good thing to have a debate between Mr. Rankin and a laboring man who is not coming back. Mr. Rankin in joint debate and charge an admission fee, the proceeds to go to the labor temple fund. He said that James McDowell had consented to meet Mr. Rankin. Mr. McDowell arose and said that Mr. Rankin had been shooting off his mouth a good deal, and he believed Rankin had injured organized labor. It was only fair, then, that he should pay labor back in dollars and he was willing to go in if the assembly could extend to him the courtesy of thought a good sum could be realized for the temple. It was generally agreed that it would be desirable to give Mr. Rankin a chance to prove his boast that he can, as one delegate put it, "wipe the earth with anybody." It was presumptuous enough to go against him, and the opinion was expressed that there are a good many men in Duluth who are capable of convincing Mr. Rankin that wiping the earth is a big contract, but the project of a joint debate with him was opposed by many of the delegates on the ground that, under the circumstances, it would bring the assembly close to a forbidden ground of politics. A motion was put to refer the matter to the labor temple committee with full power to act. While the motion was pending, Mr. McDowell withdrew his offer, saying that he was unwilling to go further with the matter as there was some opposition, and the motion was laid on the table.

The labor day committee made its report, showing the total receipts from the plants to have been \$150,253; expenses, \$101,85; balance in the treasury, \$58,398. The committee recommended that a vote of thanks be given to Hon. A. Towne, A. McCallum, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad company, and all others who had contributed to make the celebration a success. The report was received, the committee discharged and votes of thanks passed as recommended.

The committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the Soudan Mine Workers' union recommended that the International Mine Workers' union be notified that funds belonging to the Soudan union are in bank and that the affairs are in such a state that they can be controlled only by the International union. It was recommended, also, that the International union be requested to allow the money to be used in the state. On motion the secretary was directed to communicate with the International union and make the request as recommended.

The committee on labor union reported in favor of organizing such a union, and recommended that the assembly be requested to elect delegates to a conference on the subject. The committee was requested to elect delegates to a conference on the subject, and the delegates requested to elect delegates to a conference on the subject.

Mr. Mahar, of the Theatrical Employees' union, reported that the union will open on Monday a union house clear through and expressed the hope that the members of organized labor would join to help fill the house and welcome the boys back to work.

The office of sergeant-at-arms was declared vacant, and J. W. Johnson was elected to that office and at once installed. A notable feature of the proceedings was the presence of a large number of delegates who have ever sat in the assembly. In the person of Miss Mary E. O'Brien, the Laundry Workers' union, a new union was also welcomed to the assembly, the delegates of which were members of organized labor, but whose trades have no union of their own.

The following committees were appointed by the chair: To aid in boycott of Armour's products—Mr. Brown, Mr. Skar and Mr. Miller; to aid in the boycott on the product of the Gluebrass works of Cleveland, Ohio—Messrs. May and Johnson; to revise the constitution—Mr. Ewen, Thomas and McDowell.

LABOR STEADILY ADVANCING.
In reading the struggles of labor unions during the past year, their losses and gains, their victories and defeats, a lesson is found that workmen should heed, says the Toledo Union. Those organizations in which interest has not waned and whose members have stood shoulder to shoulder in the face of adversity, have secured the best results.

The great number of unemployed has encouraged those who consider men as marketable labor, exceeds the demand; therefore, the quality or quantity of labor performed should not be a question of compensation, but that the payment of the lowest possible wages is a question of good business management.

But let the union men grope for the failure of the year. Rather let them look on the other side and see the benefits which they are enjoying because of their organization. The New York Times says the organized labor has more than held its own during the year, and at times do get better they will reap what they have sown. The action is not confined to this city or country.

Labor throughout the world is advancing. Unions are springing up everywhere, and the older ones are growing in membership. For this little history of the knowledge that the future has better wages, shorter hours, more security, and a life, and better conditions for our children.

EMPLOYMENT ON SUNDAY.
The first question inquired into by the recent establishment of the labor bureau (labor bureau) in Belgium has been that of Sunday labor. The first installment of the report on this subject appeared in a volume of more than 500 pages. The present volume practically deals with all the chief industries carried on in Belgium, except transport and agriculture.

According to the Labor Gazette, the number of typical establishments selected for investigation numbered 169, employing 110,471 work people on week days. Of those

establishments 946 employed Sunday labor to the amount of 41,629 work people. A distinction is made between regular and irregular Sunday labor, i. e., between the establishments of which 241 were included in the inquiry in which work people are employed on every Sunday of the year, and those (36 in number) in which they are employed on occasional Sunday only.

Of the above 41,629 work people, 13,551 (or 32.5 per cent of the total number employed in the establishments) work every Sunday; 14,714 (35.3 per cent) work every other Sunday, and 13,364 (or 32.2 per cent) on occasional Sundays. For the great majority (41,629 out of a total of 147,129) of those described as working every other Sunday, the hours of such employment are from midnight on Saturday till 6 o'clock on Sunday morning.

EVOLUTION OF VESSELS.
Combination among lake vessels was tried as early as 1856. A company known as the Lake Navigation company was organized in the winter of 1856, intending to operate a line of vessels between Duluth and Chicago. The company was organized in 1856, and was intended to operate a line of vessels between Duluth and Chicago. The company was organized in 1856, and was intended to operate a line of vessels between Duluth and Chicago.

One of them, which afterward became the famous privateer, was driven toward the southern shore of Lake Superior. The vessel was driven toward the southern shore of Lake Superior. The vessel was driven toward the southern shore of Lake Superior.

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though one of our girls got \$2.50 election night. A gentleman gave me 10 cents, and sometimes we got 2 or 3 cents. A man gave one of the girls a penny once. She did not look at it until he was gone. Perhaps he thought it was a 5 or 10-cent piece.

UNION OF STAKE EMPLOYERS.
Rapid headway is being made throughout the United States by the Theatrical Stage Employees' union, which already has a membership of between 15,000 and 20,000. With rare exceptions the experienced theatrical managers are in sympathy with the union, knowing as they do that by organization the employees establish and maintain a higher standard of efficiency, thereby relieving the managers of much worry and doubt as to the achievement of effects. Since its organization the union has, of course, had a varied experience in the matter of wage adjustment, but as a rule the differences at times existing between the managers and the union have been adjusted satisfactorily to all, and but few strikes have occurred.

The need of organization in this branch of labor was surely felt all over the country, so far as wages were concerned, for they were not paid on a quality as to the work done, but on a quantity. The union, however, a more systematic arrangement has been perfected, and it is said to be more pleased than when the standard was adopted, and, in fact, the fact that higher wages are being paid is a result of the union's action.

CONTRACTORS' WORK THE BEST.
The attempt of the national bureau of engraving and printing to do the work of the country has been a failure. For a time the stamps furnished by the bureau were of a better quality than those of the private contractors. The contractors, however, a more systematic arrangement has been perfected, and it is said to be more pleased than when the standard was adopted, and, in fact, the fact that higher wages are being paid is a result of the union's action.

RESERVE FUND FOR STRIKES.
The question is again being agitated to the effect of the reserve fund for strikes. The fund is a fund for strikes, and is a fund for strikes. The fund is a fund for strikes, and is a fund for strikes.

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LABORERS

Fathers of the Present Gold Men Were Hoarders of Silver.

Scared By a Flood of Gold, Several Nations Demoralized It.

Gold Was Then Unpopular With the "Honest Money" Bondholders.

The following article written by R. Meeker for the New York Journal gives some interesting bits of financial history.

It is a curious fact that the bondholders of the present gold era are the fathers of the present gold era. The fathers of the present gold era are the fathers of the present gold era. The fathers of the present gold era are the fathers of the present gold era.

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LABORERS

Fathers of the Present Gold Men Were Hoarders of Silver.

Scared By a Flood of Gold, Several Nations Demoralized It.

Gold Was Then Unpopular With the "Honest Money" Bondholders.

The following article written by R. Meeker for the New York Journal gives some interesting bits of financial history.

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HATS, GRAVE AND GAY, FOR THE AUTUMN GIRL.



The crowds of pleasure seekers who are flocking back to the city every day are hunting industriously for the changes in fashion. The godet skirts and huge sleeves are surely among the rapidly departing styles, and fashion threatens to go to the other extreme and return to close, clinging skirts. The new gowns are reduced to almost one-half of the fulness that formerly prevailed, and they fit so closely about the hips that they will be exceedingly trying to very slight figures. The tight sleeves are equally trying, and many women are mourning over the lost fulness that has been so becoming to their extreme slenderness. The sleeves in this transition period are a very important part of the dress, and although they are clinging from wrist to shoulder their shape is wonderfully relieved by the many devices employed to ornament the top, such as puffs, frills, epaulettes, points, and other trimming to match the bottom of the skirt, says the New York Sun.

While the sleeves were so large all women and all gowns looked much alike, but now more individuality of form and more taste and skill will be shown in new effects in the combinations of the silks and woolsens which will be used in the demi-season toilets. The skirts and bodices will be very much trimmed with a new coarse lace, Bulgarian, Croatian, and other embroideries, in ivory or a pale cream tone. The embroidery is protected and relieved by an edge of colored braid, gold cord, or narrow black velvet. Yokes of velvet covered with lace will be found on many of the fall gowns. Narrow Valenciennes lace will be just as popular as it has been all summer. Buttons will take a prominent part in the trimming of the fall gowns. Some of the skirts will have the front breadth outlined with buttons on both sides corresponding with the two rows on the double-breasted waist. The new buttons are very artistic, especially those modeled from the antique.

OLD BODICES.
The old bodices that are an absolute necessity for young and old are prettier than ever. One most tastefully made is of black chiffon over a black or colored silk lining, and has a chemise and vest of white net. It has black sequin trimming and unlined shirred sleeves of black chiffon with pleated frills. Deeper frills are used for the bertha and epaulettes and for the basque, and a graduated full serves for the front of the bodice. The collar and belt take the tone of the lining of the bodice.

Old-fashioned flounces are coming back to us—even flounces half way up the skirt, and they supply a very graceful way to renovate a black silk by flouncing it with silk muslin, covering the waist and shirring the muslin over the close black sleeves, using deep flounces of the muslin for bertha and epaulettes.

PRINCESS GOWNS.

The princess gown bids fair to be exceedingly fashionable this fall and winter for outdoor, house and evening wear. Some of these gowns button down each side of the front, bertha or are fastened under a belt across the front; but as a rule they are fastened under the left arm and on the shoulder. Lace or braided boleros will be worn extensively on the gowns fastened in this way. A pretty princess gown for a young lady is of pale blue, and the effective tabs about the belt and yoke are of black velvet, fastened with silver buttons. The yoke is of guipure lace over blue, and the tight shirred sleeves, with very moderate puffs, are suitably mounted by particularly pretty epaulettes, which are quite the feature of the gown. The sleeves are trimmed to match the foot of the gown with narrow black velvet. The hat is of black chip, with a fall of yellowish lace on the brim, and is trimmed with pink roses and a black bird of paradise plume. The next princess gown is of dark gray cloth, relieved by insertions of white cloth. The gown and sleeves are attached to show the white cloth, and there are innumerable loops and buttons of black braid. The white felt hat has a band of orange velvet, and two gray and white, saguila standing erect on either side.

LIGHT GAUZY GOWN.

A light, gauzy gown is of delicate pink crepe du chene, with broad bands running the length of the skirt, embroidered with sequins of a darker shade. The waist is embroidered with the same sequins in a set design. The puff sleeves are finished with a full frill of pink tulle and surrounded by two equalized embroidered with sequins. The chemise and sash are of pink lace ribbon. The hat is of black chip, trimmed with black feathers and pleated crepe ribbons. In another model the skirt and sleeves are of blue and green shot canvas, but might be made of blue canvas over green silk. The skirt fits closely to the figure, except for two box pleats at the center of the back. The zouave jacket is of black satin with applications of ivory lace and shows an edge of an under-zouave of ivory satin. This is seen in the back also, and divides the jacket from the black satin draped belt, which is crossed in front below a full vest of white grass linen. There are black satin cuffs, and a black satin tie is worn under the stiff collar. The hat is of fancy black straw, trimmed with ivory white silk muslin and black feathers. Another model is of chine silk. The skirt is without lining. The two flounces are of the same light satin as the bodice, and are made of two tones of satin, the darkest and lightest found in the dress. The seamstress bodice is of the same light satin, and is fastened on the left side of light satin, and is covered with lace. The tight sleeves are of the same light satin as the bodice, and are covered with lace, while the full shoulder flounces are of a darker shade of the same. A broad ribbon of the darker satin drapes the bodice with bows at the shoulders and waist. The collar is of pale satin, with a full frill of lace.

TEA OR MORNING GOWNS.

The tea gowns or morning gowns are surely among the best beloved garments of women, and nowadays they are made so elaborately that many of them rival the dinner or ball costumes. Some are particularly beautiful, both in style and texture. They are made of soft crepons, foils, elchs, and morions. Some are made with loosely hanging drapery, both back and front, though the outline of the figure is suggested by a tightly drawn sash underneath. Others have the flowing Watteau train as a background for the tight-fitting gown in front. One gown is of soft, rich silk in a pale shade of pink. The loose folds show a deeper shade of a rosy hue in the front of the gown. It is ornamented with opalescent embroidery about the front of the gown, heading a full pleated frill, and is confined about the waist by a black satin waistband with long ends and a bow. The finely pleated chiffon on the neck and sleeves is in the two shades of silk, and is trimmed with opalescent embroidery.

You can have a pretty morning gown of soft light blue crepon. Long full drapery are lined with softest red. The gown falls from a square black velvet collar. The blue undergown is fastened across the bust with bands of black velvet. From the back of the collar the gown falls in soft folds, giving ample fullness and having a less stiff effect than the Watteau. Creamy lace edges the frilled epaulettes and trims the wrists.

The front of another gown is a finely pleated pale mauve crepe du chene, combined with a dark red. The overskirt and bolero jacket are trimmed with an applique of string colored face studded with jewels. The shirred sleeves are of the mauve crepe. The broad waistband and collar are of black and are most important to the effect of the gown. Another gown is all of mauve, the dark outer portion of a soft wool and the inner of the same color. The sleeves are of black velvet edged with black gauze embroidery over mauve silk.

A POINTED BODICE.

A striking princess evening gown is of white glace silk, and the bodice is finished about the neck in points, headed with a tiny bow. The lace underneath is drawn tightly about the shoulders. The puffs of silk that form the sleeves are finished with lace above them, and the whole garment has the appearance of being suspended from the shoulders by the two jeweled chains. Imagine a gown composed of ombre chine silk, shaded from deepest to palest mauve as a groundwork, and over this is an exquisite lace design worked in white. The bodice is of mouseline de sole and finished for sleeves by frills of the muslin. The last is a gown of gros-de-Naples lace. The skirt and bodice are of the same lace, and the antique buttons are of gold. The band across the bust is of gold braid studded with jewels. The yoke and flounces that form the sleeves are of jeweled lace over pleatings of white tulle.

PARIS NOVELTIES.

Pretty Things in Some French Underwear.

There is a decided change this season in the newest French night gowns. In the exactly ones the fluffy effect of many lace ruffles has departed. The latest novelty is to have the night robe appliqued with lace designs. Such laces as Duchesse, Cluny and real Valenciennes are used in this new fashion most effectively, says the New York Journal.

One of the prettiest of these French night gowns is made of sheer nainsook. A narrow line of beading trims the front as far as the waist line, and also defines the shape of a pointed yoke back and front. The neck is cut a trifle low, and the bodice is of the same nainsook. Conventional designs of Duchesse lace are applied to the yoke. They also trim the deep frill which falls over the shoulders and the shoulders. In addition to this, and adding an extreme touch of novelty to the gown, the lace designs are applied over the front of the night robe. They appear as if carefully scattered upon it, and reach from the yoke to just below the waist line.

The sleeves of the gown are three-quarter length, and quite full. They are finished with a frill of the nainsook, upon which more lace designs are applied. The frill is tied with blue satin ribbons caught in a careless bow. At the throat the same colored ribbon forms a rosette. Such a night gown costs \$25.

Ribbon rosettes this season are more in favor than ribbons tied in a bow with long ends.

For the encouragement of the women who cannot afford a \$25 night dress there are other night robes in the shops, selling as low as 20 cents.

With the revival of the small sleeve comes the announcement from Paris that the night gown sleeve is gradually diminishing in size. A night robe regarded as one of the latest novelties has the sleeve made with a very deep cuff, almost tight fitting. This is fastened with tiny buttons, and reaches quite to the elbow. Above this the material is slightly wrinkled, finishing near the shoulders in a puff.

FRENCH CHEMISES.
Since the return of the chemise into fashionable favor the chemise-cover has lost some of its old-time vogue. The chemise, combining, as it does, a covering for the corset and a short petticoat, is as convenient a little garment to own as it is quaint and dainty.

The newest French chemise is trimmed much like the latest night gowns. Lace designs are applied to the nainsook, instead of being arranged in billowy frills.

One of the prettiest models is a low-necked chemise, trimmed with a bertha cut in tabe. Upon each tab a lace design is applied. The design is in real Italian Valenciennes lace, and an edging of the lace outlines each tab. The shoulder pieces are also decorated in this fashion.

The chemise cut just a trifle low in the neck and made with an entire lace yoke is very pretty.

Another idea in favor this fall is to have the chemise trimmed with insertions of lace. In the newest models the insertions appear like perpendicular stripes reaching from the neck to the waist line. When lace is not used in this manner, embroidery heading makes an effective substitute, particularly when the heading is run with narrow ribbons tied with a bow at the top. If each line of heading is treated in this way the neck of the chemise will be outlined with a series of little ribbon bows, making an effective finish.

The simple chemise with the short-waisted effect, produced by a series of tucks, is in high favor this season. In many of the designs very narrow heading is used to outline the neck. This is lavishly run with ribbon.

FRENCH CORSET COVERS.
The corset cover most in vogue is made with a band embroidered yoke. The yoke is shaped in two points, both back and front, and is embroidered in a delicate but effective design. Of course, the corset cover is cut low in the neck—all the prettiest of the French hand-made garments are—and here it is finished with the ribbon-run heading. The same heading outlines the armholes.

The corset covers, called French bodices, are dainty little waists, made with a mass of fine tucks. They are trimmed with narrow real lace, and have a draw string, so that they may be tied in at the waist.

Every season there are corsets and corset covers introduced, each striving for popular favor. A Parisian made corset, which adds much to the beauty of the figure, as well as to comfort in breathing, is lined with small lengths of fine shalloon.

From the bust line to about two inches below the waist these small bones are all arranged in point inward, thus giving a very slender appearance to the figure. The bottom of the corset is finished with a broad band of elastic, which does much to make breathing a pleasure. This corset is admirable for slimmers. It is also to be recommended to the woman whose ambition is to have a beautiful figure and be comfortable as well.

TRIMMING FALL GOWNS.
If the success of the fall gown depends upon its trimmings this year it is already assured.

It is to be a season of jewelled effects and applied designs, both in cloth and braid.

For expensive gowns there are gleaming, glistering bands to outline seams and trim the corsage.

The newest are made of black net wrought with imitation jewels. The gray-colored stones are either carefully scattered over the net, not following any design, or they are formed into flowers or conventional patterns.

Bands of black net in varying widths, studded with rhinestones, make a most effective trimming. When more brilliancy is required the net is striped or plaided with very small different colored stones. This gives an almost changeable effect.

Cloth designs outlined with jewels or jet are another most fashionable trimming. When the gowns are light the cloth designs are in dark and vice versa.

Leaves are a particularly effective design, especially when the trimming is outlined with fine jewels.

Both gold and silver braid studded with jewels is a fashionable trimming of the hour. It shows to the best advantage on a gown when it is used in varying widths. A broad band of it looks well forming the collar, and very narrow bands make stylish trimming if inserted about an inch apart in a deep yoke.

Much braiding will be used this season. Many cloth gowns will be braided, but invariably the braiding will be done over silk. It brings out more clearly the beauty of the design and adds much to the richness of the whole costume.

TOILET NOVELTIES.
Unless you have a bit of Bohemian glass on your toilet table you have no right to flatter yourself that you are up-to-date.

Bohemian glass that she favors, but the glass that is studded with imitation jewels and wrought with gilt designs.

If her room happens to be a pink boudoir the articles on her dressing table will be of pink Bohemian glass, studded with mock garnets. In every case the color of the room is carried out in her toilet accessories.

There are any number of pretty designs in silk chemises this season. Not only are they trimmed with lace around the low-cut neck, but the lace trimming appears at the bottom of the chemise, either in bands of insertion or in a series of small graduated frills.

The matinee, that negligee garment so essential to the comfort of the woman of luxury, is seen in many novelties.

The newest are all made like the new cloth jackets, with loose, full backs. The most original machine of the season is fashioned of dainty flowered effects. The ground work of the silk is a faint green. It is crossed with violet lines and scattered with tiny pink flowers. The jacket hangs in two loose box pleats in the front and in a Watteau plait at the back. The collar is high standing, but cut in tabs, which fall back. They are edged with a narrow lace fall.

A jabot of Oriental lace caught here and there with loops of ribbon falls carelessly over the front of the jacket from the neck.

The sleeves reach just below the elbow, where they are drawn close to the arm by a band of ribbon, which ties in a bow. They are made in a long, full puff. This is the new style. Over it is a cape sleeve of silk, covered with lace. When the arm is raised the effect of the double sleeve is very pretty.

It costs \$35 to own this matinee, but there are many less expensive ones made of India silk and trimmed with lace or narrow ribbons.

Besides the silk lingerie there are very dainty sets in delicately colored batiste.

The latest skirts abound in ruffles. One big ruffle often hides five or six smaller ones, and the whole petticoat looks as though it were made more for skirt dancing than ordinary wear. All the skirts are cut umbrella fashion, and are unusually tight across the hips. The deepest ruffle is apt to measure fourteen inches, and the others vary from this in depth to a tiny foot ruffle of two inches. Groupings of fine tucks are much used on the new skirts.

Beside the white skirts of nainsook and fine cambré there are many of delicately colored batiste trimmed with both lace insertion and lace frills, but these colored skirts are only suitable for home wear.

Each year the silk skirts, so dear to the feminine heart, grow more elaborate, and, consequently, more expensive. But no longer must they rustle—that is, if they are made according to the latest French idea. Soft brocade is preferred to crisp taffeta. A rushing pinkish ribbon or silk is the newest trimming to lead the ruffles.

A magnificent silk petticoat is of black satin brocade with yellow flowers. It fits tightly over the hips, and begins to spread out just above the knees. It is made with a deep under flounce of black taffeta, finished with a pinked foot ruffle. Over the taffeta flounce is one of brocade satin. This is made most elaborate by insertions of black silk lace headed by a group of silk cordings, while the bottom of the flounce is finished with a frill of the silk lace.

A number of the new silk skirts to be worn with evening gowns have a series of different ruffles at the bottom. The inner one will be of taffeta with the edges pinked; then will come a corded silk ruffle, over this one of chiffon accented plaited, and then an outside ruffle of lace.

The latest drawers are so wide that it is hard to distinguish them from a short petticoat. In many of them each leg measures twenty-eight inches around. They are trimmed not only with lace, but narrow heading, and generally a bow of ribbon.

OTHER SILK LINGERIE.
The imported silk lingerie was never more beautifully beautiful than this season. There are nightdresses pretty enough for tea gowns, and dainty French made matinees which really would grace a drawing room.

The best wearing of the silk nightgown is made of the softest India silk. They are trimmed either with lace or are hand embroidered.

One gown recently, which was a trifle more simple than the others, was made of pale blue India silk. It had a deep sailor collar, and a hem. This hem was about an inch and a half wide. It was headed with a line of white embroidery heading, and a trailing design of tiny star-shaped flowers, and leaves.

band embroidered in white silk. The deep saunter, cut was finished in the same way as the collar.

All the silk gowns have very wide skirts and full sleeves. This square, flowing Chinese sleeve is used in many of the nightdresses. It is usually finished with a ribbon run through the hem so that during the cool weather it may be drawn together by means of the ribbon, which then ties in a bow.

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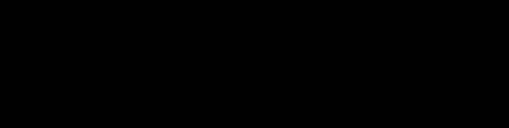
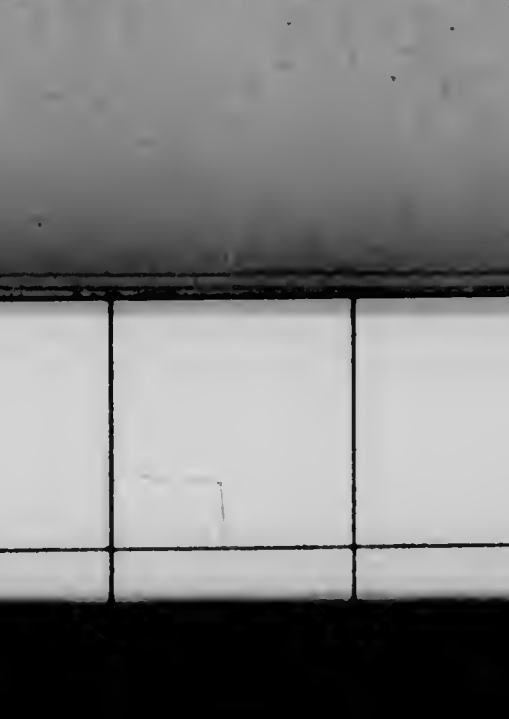
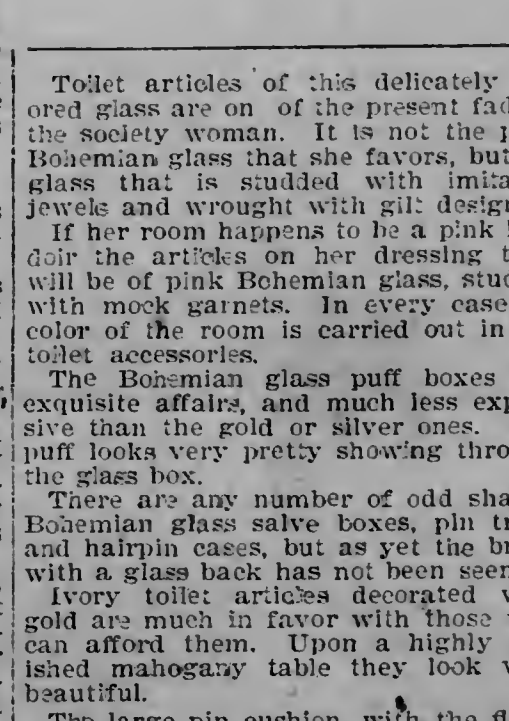
The newest are all made like the new cloth jackets, with loose, full backs. The most original machine of the season is fashioned of dainty flowered effects. The ground work of the silk is a faint green. It is crossed with violet lines and scattered with tiny pink flowers. The jacket hangs in two loose box pleats in the front and in a Watteau plait at the back. The collar is high standing, but cut in tabs, which fall back. They are edged with a narrow lace fall.

A jabot of Oriental lace caught here and there with loops of ribbon falls carelessly over the front of the jacket from the neck.

The sleeves reach just below the elbow, where they are drawn close to the arm by a band of ribbon, which ties in a bow. They are made in a long, full puff. This is the new style. Over it is a cape sleeve of silk, covered with lace. When the arm is raised the effect of the double sleeve is very pretty.

It costs \$35 to own this matinee, but there are many less expensive ones made of India silk and trimmed with lace or narrow ribbons.

Besides the silk lingerie there are very dainty sets in delicately colored batiste.



no longer must they rustle—that is, if they are made according to the latest French idea. Soft brocade is preferred to crisp taffeta. A rushing pinkish ribbon or silk is the newest trimming to lead the ruffles.

A magnificent silk petticoat is of black satin brocade with yellow flowers. It fits tightly over the hips, and begins to spread out just above the knees. It is made with a deep under flounce of black taffeta, finished with a pinked foot ruffle. Over the taffeta flounce is one of brocade satin. This is made most elaborate by insertions of black silk lace headed by a group of silk cordings, while the bottom of the flounce is finished with a frill of the silk lace.

A number of the new silk skirts to be worn with evening gowns have a series of different ruffles at the bottom. The inner one will be of taffeta with the edges pinked; then will come a corded silk ruffle, over this one of chiffon accented plaited, and then an outside ruffle of lace.

The latest drawers are so wide that it is hard to distinguish them from a short petticoat. In many of them each leg measures twenty-eight inches around. They are trimmed not only with lace, but narrow heading, and generally a bow of ribbon.

OTHER SILK LINGERIE.
The imported silk lingerie was never more beautifully beautiful than this season. There are nightdresses pretty enough for tea gowns, and dainty French made matinees which really would grace a drawing room.

The best wearing of the silk nightgown is made of the softest India silk. They are trimmed either with lace or are hand embroidered.

One gown recently, which was a trifle more simple than the others, was made of pale blue India silk. It had a deep sailor collar, and a hem. This hem was about an inch and a half wide. It was headed with a line of white embroidery heading, and a trailing design of tiny star-shaped flowers, and leaves.

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All the silk gowns have very wide skirts and full sleeves. This square, flowing Chinese sleeve is used in many of the nightdresses. It is usually finished with a ribbon run through the hem so that during the cool weather it may be drawn together by means of the ribbon, which then ties in a bow.

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The latest skirts abound in ruffles. One big ruffle often hides five or six smaller ones, and the whole petticoat looks as though it were made more for skirt dancing than ordinary wear. All the skirts are cut umbrella fashion, and are unusually tight across the hips. The deepest ruffle is apt to measure fourteen inches, and the others vary from this in depth to a tiny foot ruffle of two inches. Groupings of fine tucks are much used on the new skirts.

Beside the white skirts of nainsook and fine cambré there are many of delicately colored batiste trimmed with both lace insertion and lace frills, but these colored skirts are only suitable for home wear.

Each year the silk skirts, so dear to the feminine heart, grow more elaborate, and, consequently, more expensive. But no longer must they rustle—that is, if they are made according to the latest French idea. Soft brocade is preferred to crisp taffeta. A rushing pinkish ribbon or silk is the newest trimming to lead the ruffles.

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THE TIGHT SLEEVE

THE VENUS OF MILOS

THE LONG NECK

THE LARGE SHADE

EX-CRINOLINE DAYS.

THE WEARING OF JEWELS.



FADS OF FALL FASHIONS.

THE MINIATURE FAD.

The miniature craze has taken the New York city by storm. She has always had a fondness for miniatures, but this season, if she carries out her present plan, she will appear much like a walking photograph gallery.

The jewellers have made it possible for her best belt to be fastened by a buckle formed of a miniature. The brooch at her throat may also be a miniature framed in jewels. The back of the newest choker watch is mounted with a miniature.

There are miniatures for buttons and others for buckle and evening slippers, and even a miniature in the handle of the fashionable dame's lognette.

And just who are the originals of these miniatures? Are they pictures of the French court beauties or a likeness of midday's pet people, pretty paintings of her relatives or friends? It all depends upon the woman herself.

Nothing can be in worse taste than for a woman to adorn herself with a miniature of her husband set in precious gems, or for a maiden to wear a likeness of her lover, and yet the jewellers will tell you that this is just what any number of women are doing.

There are others, however, and they wear miniatures of historical beauties, celebrated faces which are charming ornaments.

As for the miniature craze itself, it is fast spreading. There are coffee cups and magnificent mahogany tables with a miniature inset in the center, to say nothing of the costly and artistic articles decorated with hand-painted miniatures, adorned with miniatures, and the very latest, example of the miniature craze is shown in the silk garter, which fastens with a buckle formed of a miniature.

OCTOBER WEDDINGS.

Something About What Will Be Really Fashionable.

There is a choice at present between the styles of engagement rings which prospective brides in October will wear. The third finger of a pretty white hand should sparkle with a turquoise set about with emeralds, or a copy of the er of betrothal circles used half a century ago. This last consists of three jeweled hoops, the one above showing the bride's birth stone, the one below that of the groom, and the center hoop of diamonds or pearls, as the wearer of the ring prefers, says Fanny Enders, in the St. Louis Star.

A ring like this fits into a real velvet box shaped like a heart and inside the circle is engraved the names of the lovers and the date of the wedding. An important question of their future was introduced and decided. The virtue of the 2-hoop ring, you young ladies, modest means, is that it can be charmingly designed in very tiny, very bright and not at all expensive stones, while the woman who is making a second matrimonial venture usually prefers the combination of green and blue.

FOR USHETS AND MAIDS. Turquoise, however, are the stones that autumn brides will most eagerly expect and most heartily welcome, for the jewellers predict that the usage of these beautiful gems is to be long and

long promise one and all to carry after them tremendous trains. The chignon train comes simultaneously from Paris and London, where they have very much adopted for weddings during the last season, and so much admired that it has been enthusiastically imported.

Yards upon yards of the snowy stuff are draped, from the shoulders, over a foundation of white satin, to trail a length of from six to nine feet on the floor. A New York dressmaker just completing a wedding outfit for a Boston bride to be, displayed the chignon train measuring six yards from the shoulders. Portions of it are crystallized in the finest rhine stone points, to give the effect of being sprayed with diamonds, and, like all the new bride's trains, this one is made separate from the gown. It will be carried the vestibule of the church by a maid, there hooked to the bride's shoulders when she arrives at her departure from the church it is to be taken off, hurried home and ready when she takes her place to receive under the drawing room palms.

GORGEOUS TRAINS. In fact, so tremendous have all the wedding trains become, says this dressmaker lately from Paris, that they could be crammed into a carriage without absolutely disastrous results. Some of them are made of white velvet and satin, lying twelve feet on the floor, and pendent from the most wonderful ruff brooding or gorging embroidery. Chignon is chiefly used to minimize the wide, wide, wide, and the Duchess lace veil, now by all odds the smartest, are meant to be worn, no longer than the waist line. If a tulle veil is used it must be draped entirely off the face hereafter, while the new Parisian tulle veils are edged with a silver thread, puffed high with jeweled pins at the back of the head, and draped far out on the train.

Without variation the newest bridegrooms for October marriages are high in the neck, very high, with light sleeves that fall down so far over the hands that gloves are worn or none at all. If one prefers, and very few jewels are used. Some one gift of the groom is usually permitted, and in place of the vast bouquets, florists promise that only a sheaf of white roses, tied with watered ribbon, shall appear.

Have in future as many bridesmaids as you like, or but one damoiselle d'honneur, but whatever your attendant may be, have them dressed in fancy costume. This is the variation offered on the pink, green, blue, white or yellow processions of girls, and very charming the effect is given to the wedding party by the bridesmaids in Marie Antoinette coiffures, stiff petticoats and red heels, or 1812 Indian moccasins, striped stockings, bouffant and short wais. All of this introduces a pleasing amount of color into the bridal procession, though no new to the ushers.

ABOUT HANDKERCHIEFS. More Particularly About the Collecting Fad.

A few weeks ago, at a private auction, a fashionable woman, whose husband has met with reverses, sold out her wardrobe, and among the things that she had in this, for numbers of society ladies

only a matter of money, securing what we want," expostulated an ardent handkerchief fiend, who has made a study of the question. My collection is purely theatrical, and it has taken me ever so long to secure the 200 I own so far. I have had to plan and scheme and wheedle to get those, for no actress will sell her handkerchief, few enough will give them and of course, I am always trying to replace my unimportant ones by gifts from really notable tragediennes and prima donnas' boxes.

Sometimes I write, sometimes I make personal visits, and in the end I am usually successful, but so far my collection I know has been able to secure one of Mme. Duse, though any one of us would readily pay \$50 for a plain lawn square of the kind she usually carries on the stage and wears in her dress belt.

Three handkerchiefs are considered sufficient to begin a collection on, and then we mount them one of two ways: In huge scrap books, stitched out in the pink and blue glazed leaves, or in Japanese cushions, with a row of handkerchiefs, with hundreds of little broad shallow drawers.

"Alms" being given, alphabetically arranged, every handkerchief tucked by threads to a layunder under leaf, with the name of the donor, and a note written on the back. Now you can see from this, hastily pulling out a half dozen, that the real handkerchief collector, because she only uses the finest, is also a collector of the real handkerchiefs, and "Emma," done in her own chirography, in the richest embroidery, on one corner. When I asked Sarah Bernhardt, for hers she laughed at my bad French, put her hand in her pocket and drew out a modest little ball. It was the mouchoir she had been using in a rehearsal of Adrienne Lecouvreur, all wet with her own hysterical tears in the last act. I smoothed it out, carried it off reverently, and there you see her memento, S. B., underneath a trade masquerade and only hemstitching around the corners.

RARE MOUCHOIRS. "There is one that belongs to Risop, but, of course, I have nothing like Mme. Duse's to show you. She has one that, passed as having once been from Rachel's wardrobe, one used by the great Siddons, and others equally precious. However, all collections are not merely theatrical, and Miss Van Allen has ancient Venetian handkerchiefs, some of which are of the finest muslin, rare old Moorish ones of silk, big enough to wrap your head in. There are also some of the most beautiful, a mouchoir of solid Valenciennes lace, with 'Marie' below a crown, worked in the center. Others, though not new, include a copy of the Mary Stuart handkerchief, which a French duchess possessed. And in this royal array there is one of Lady Blessington's, a stern-looking piece of linen George Elliot used, and now there is a standing offer for a good example from Mrs. Stowe's wardrobe.

Mrs. Astor, the young one, I mean, very naturally has devoted herself to lace handkerchiefs, no matter whether they are old or new, and the youngest daughter, Miss Van Allen, has collected to collect only royal ones. Of course, except those of historical interest, they are the most difficult to secure, and you would smile to see the awe-struck manner in which her friends contemplate the coveted square.

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CANNON

One of Its Amusing Incidents Which Occurred Recently.

New and Important Issue Which Monroe Nichols Has Discovered.

Shall the Free Lunch Go, Liable to Be a Question.

During this campaign as never before since the stirring times immediately before the war have men pulled up stakes and deserted the political camp in which they for long, in many cases for life, have abided. Those of a later day, who have yielded a ballot only since these weak, piping times of peace have come move from one political settlement to another with comparative ease. They pick up and go as naturally as that class of voters who are afflicted with the moving habit on the first day of May.

They have received their political training in these latter days when to renounce party is not looked upon as apostasy and does not bear the taint of high treason. But with the old-time party men, the change is a fearful one when to leave the party is to leave the life of friendship and even the comfortable location beyond the great river. And so it is with a severe wrench that the fathers in Israel now-days find themselves led by the strong hand of conviction out from among their old friends and into the camp of strangers. And after they have made peace with reason by yielding to the desires of the party, they find that what their friends will say.

On a train going from Duluth to a northern city, not far from here, since they were seated in conversation two graveyards who had not met since the war, the other from a nearby state, they had discussed themselves, and families and the talk veered to politics as the next most interesting topic. The situation in general had been discussed, and the talk veered to politics as the next most interesting topic. The situation in general had been discussed, and the talk veered to politics as the next most interesting topic.

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stayed, that advantage is to be taken of an opportunity to make a stealthy attack upon it while the public mind is taken up with late speculation on the money question. Wal street might yet be saved and England's prestige maintained unimpaired. The liquor dealers had declared that the free lunch must go. The alarm must be sounded at once. Mr. Nichols at once wired Mr. Hanna as follows:

"Have discovered a new issue. One that is alive. It will need no galvanizing. Saloon men say free lunch must go."

To which Mr. Hanna replied: "Of course it goes. No issue on that."

Mr. Nichols explained and Mr. Hanna was well with delight. A real live issue. An issue that was lusty and vigorous, albeit brought up on the bottle. A conference was hastily called, literature ordered printed and the Republican orators will at last be furnished something to talk about.

Mr. Coffin, of the Municipal Investment company, who spent some days in Duluth "in business in connection with the negotiations for the purchase of the water bonds, is a gentleman who, in the midst of business cares, will take time to laugh at a good joke, and he has, too, the material of many a good story stored away in old corners of his mind. In conversation one evening he related an amusing incident that happened during one of his visits to England, his errand on that occasion being to dispose of a block of stock of the Duluth Gas and Water company.

Mr. Coffin, according to his story, had met the board of directors of a company in London. He had described Duluth, its prospects and enlarged on all such matters as bore on the question of the desirability of the investment. When he thought he had covered the ground, an old gentleman at the end of the table rose and spoke as follows:

"Mr. Coffin, that's all very well. I have no doubt that the plan, as conditions are at present, is a very promising investment, but now suppose the pond dries up, and which you propose to take your water should dry up?"

Mr. Coffin thought at first the old gentleman was joking, but the expression of his face contradicted that idea. The others, too, looked anxiously toward the old man, who latter explained that the "pond" was so big that England could be dropped into it and not even make a splash in the shore. The old gentleman looked a little incredulous, but a few whispered remarks from his neighbor caused his countenance to clear and the negotiations went on.

ANSWERED IN FRENCH. There is a gentleman of this city, says the San Francisco Call, who is so fortunate as to be able to converse in several languages besides English, and has the remarkable faculty of speaking each without an accent, so that to that language. In fact, his accentuation of the language he chooses is so perfect that he is frequently mistaken for a native of the country in which the language is spoken. He has adopted a novel way of ridding himself of the importunities of the professional classes, and he is a frequent approach by one of the class, and it is long before he can get away from the importunities.

A few days since this gentleman was on one of the tall specimens of the mendicant class, whose breath was strong with the fumes of liquor. He was in a bad way, and asked for a dime to get a meal.

"Que voulez-vous?" politely asked the gentleman, turning toward the gentleman, who was in a bad way, and asked for a dime to get a meal.

The beggar looked amazed for a moment, but he repeated his question, and he received another retort in French from the gentleman, who moved on about his business, and the fellow followed him, and after repeating his demand half a dozen times, he exclaimed in disgust: "What in thunder is the matter with you? I can't understand a word you say. Then in a moment he added: 'Say, you old bloke, what are you doing in this country, anyhow, if you can't speak English?'

The gentleman has tried this a dozen times or more of late, and as he has not been answered by one of these beggars for more than a week although he has passed many of them, he has come to the conclusion that "de garcon is onto him" and will let him alone in future.

IF YOU HAVE THE ROOMS. The Hon. J. H. McGowan, of the rooming. Why not trade fifteen words for 15 cents?

Duluth Trust Co.

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc., Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Puffer, President Edward P. Howe, Sec. and Treas.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight hundred and eighty and 80/100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is

missioners have caused such survey and map to be filed with the city clerk of Duluth, to his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned, as such commissioners have caused the said city clerk at the city hall in said city of Duluth on Tuesday, the 29th day of September, 1906, to make in the forenoon of said day, and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any and all persons who may be interested, and when their said view and hearing aforesaid shall be concluded, to make and file with the city clerk of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of such parcel of property proposed to be taken for the use of said, or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1894.

A. ROCKWELL,
W. F. McRAY,
JAMES H. WHEELER,
Commissioners.

Sept. 17-30

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.
DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 234, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 234, three rings.

10C A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily.....\$.02
One month.....\$ 2.00
Three months.....\$ 5.00
Six months.....\$ 9.00
One year.....\$ 16.00
Weekly Herald, 35 cents for three months.
Entered at the Post Office as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK.....17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department.
Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synoptic weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) Sept. 28.—A ridge of high pressure, accompanied by cool, fair weather, extends across the Rocky mountains and the central valleys and the lake region, the barometer being highest in Southern Wisconsin.

Forecast issued last night in the late edition of the paper: Duluth and Lower Missouri valleys, and in the Western states as far south as Denver and Dodge City, moderate to heavy rains are reported in the Lake and Mississippi valleys. At Memphis the fall has been 1.2 inches in the past twenty-four hours, and rain still continued at the morning observation. In all other districts the weather has continued fair with scarcely any tendency to cloud formation.

The barometer is falling in the extreme Northwest during the past forty-eight hours, and the highest temperature has been reported in that section, the maximum temperature yesterday in the Upper Mississippi valley and the region north of Montana ranging from 70 to 75 degrees.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 44; maximum yesterday, 60; minimum yesterday, 30.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair and decidedly warmer tonight and Tuesday; brisk south wind, clearing.

JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Officer.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; cooler; occasional light showers; wind from the south; clearing; fresh southerly breeze; temperature in the upper Mississippi valley and the region north of Montana ranging from 70 to 75 degrees.

A GOLDBUG LIE NAILED.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press published a few days ago an utterly unfounded story that Elger & Co., the well-known brewers of this city, had received an anonymous letter, warning them that if they took an active part in the gold bug side in this campaign, the union labor men of Duluth would boycott their goods. In addition to this story being false and known to be false by its author, because Mr. Elger had previously denied that it was true, it was an insult to organized labor in Duluth.

Yesterday the Pioneer Press published the following letter to the effect:

"Duluth, Sept. 25.—To the Editor: We object to being dragged into politics by you. Your article about us in the paper of Sept. 24 is entirely false. When your reporter called at my house, Sept. 23, I was very frank in my statement that I had not been approached by any customer nor any labor union man, and neither had Mr. Anderson been approached in regard to our political views. Neither was Mr. Anderson asked to preside at the public meeting addressed by Donald and P. C. Schmidt. I have also stated to your reporter that we have never received any anonymous letter. But I requested your reporter not to publish any trash or lies which he might hear from unreliable sources. We have not had and do not anticipate any trouble by our own people, who treat us kindly from all sides. But articles which contain such falsehoods as the one above referred to will do more to drive us completely into the silver camp than anything we know of."

"We demand that statements made by you to your reporters shall be considered truthful, the same as our own people consider them when we make a statement to them. A. FITGER & CO."

The goldbug cause must certainly be in desperate straits, when the gold organs are ready to publish such false and insulting stories. It is true that organized labor in Duluth is practically a unit in favor of Bryan, Lind and Towne and the rest of the silver flock, but the union men here do not deny the right of others to entertain opposite views and they are not in the coercion business, although many of them may have experienced the coercive influence which is being employed in a vain attempt to whip men into line for the rapidly dying goldbug cause.

GOLD SYNDICATE'S AID.

Mike De Young, the boss financier of California, returns from Europe filled with admiration for the foreign bankers who now control the United States treasury and hope to have another hold on it for four years under McKinley. Read what he says and see if it does not confirm every statement made by those who forecast foreign attempts to control the finances of this country:

"We are willing to sacrifice free silver for protection," he said. "We would rather see McKinley in the chair than the despoils of anarchy, free trade and universal ruin in Western groves, who is the candidate of the Chicago platform. In Paris and London I observed

the greatest interest in the campaign here. So keen, in fact, is the interest that a syndicate was organized in Paris to transfer gold money to this country to prevent the threatened raid of loans. Would any honest American think of repudiating any obligation to English creditors, as the Bryan platform would, when they are so solicitous for our national reserve?"

THE DISPATCH'S BLUFF.

The St. Paul Dispatch has made a bold bluff in answer to Mr. Towne's suit for \$5,000 damages for libel. It challenges him to bring the suit to trial in Ramsey county district court by Oct. 15 and says, if he will do so, it will pay all costs.

The suit for libel has been begun in St. Louis county, and the Dispatch would no doubt like to have it transferred to Ramsey county. The Herald does not believe that Mr. Towne will agree to such a change of venue. The Dispatch can secure a fair trial in St. Louis county.

To bring the suit to trial on Oct. 15 in Ramsey county would mean the enforced absence of Mr. Towne from the Sixth district during the greater portion of the last two weeks of the campaign. The goldbug managers, whose main piece the Dispatch is, would no doubt pay liberally to get Mr. Towne off the stump at this time. They could afford to recoup the Dispatch for any amount of court costs in order to prevent Mr. Towne from keeping in his campaign by tag. But their wishes will not be gratified. Their hopes will be disappointed. Mr. Towne will remain on the stump until Nov. 3, when he will be re-elected by an overwhelming majority.

Mr. Towne instituted the suit as a vindication of his personal character and not as a political bluff.

THE DISTRICT JUDGESHIP.

Two judges for the Eleventh judicial district are to be elected on Nov. 3. Judge Engen's term expires and he is a candidate for re-election. He was nominated by the Republican party, with which he has always affiliated. There is nothing of the extreme partisan in Judge Engen's composition, however, and his record on the bench has been free from the slightest suspicion of political bias, and his decisions have been generally regarded as fair, impartial and sound. As a believer in a non-partisan judiciary, the Herald respects that the other political parties did not endorse Judge Engen on the ground of his excellent record. Nevertheless, it is confident that Judge Engen will be re-elected by a handsome plurality, because the people recognize that he is an able and honest judge, who has always endeavored to deal out even-handed justice.

Of the other Republican nominee, William A. Cant, The Herald cannot speak in words of commendation. His record does not entitle him to the support of those who desire that the high character of our judiciary shall be maintained. His knowledge of law may be sufficient, but his course as a politician has been such that no one would regard him as an eligible judge.

The fact that he aided in the passage of the struck jury law by his vote and influence in the legislature condemns him in the eyes of every man who believes in equal justice for all litigants. Upon this and other features of Mr. Cant's record The Herald will comment in future issues.

The silver Republicans, Democrats and Progressives have placed in nomination two candidates for judicial office—Roger S. Powell and Alfred Jaques, both well known in legal circles and to the people generally. Judge Powell served three years ago in the municipal court as presiding judge, and the record which he made in that position is generally admitted to be without a flaw. He displayed a knowledge of the law and an spirit of fairness and sound judgment which are conclusive evidence that he would discharge the duties of the district judgeship. During the three years he was municipal judge he decided many important cases, involving intricate questions of law, and in but one case was his decision reversed by the supreme court on appeal. For several years he was special judge of the municipal court and made a good record. He is well read in the law and has had an extensive practice, so that he is splendidly equipped. In addition, he possesses the essential judicial temperament, and his record as a lawyer and a citizen is beyond criticism. The esteem in which he is held by the other members of the bar is shown by the fact that he was recommended by the Bar association for appointment by the governor when the third judgeship was created for this district. Governor Nelson was too partisan to appoint him, because he differed with him politically. The Herald believes that Judge Jaques' election is beyond question, and for the second judgeship it would urge the people to elect either Mr. Powell or Mr. Jaques, either of whom would make an able and upright judge.

THE MINNEAPOLIS TRIBUNE AFFECTS.

The Minneapolis Tribune affects to be horrified because The Herald expressed an opinion that the railroads which are hauling the St. Louis and Wall street money-lenders; vote for fair play for the farmer and producer; vote to abolish "hard times" in short, vote for Bryan and Towne, bimetalism and justice.

The demonstrations by the Eastern workmen in honor of Mr. Bryan, the

THE DULUTH EVENING

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1896.

great outpourings of the masses to see and hear him, and the wonderful enthusiasm with which they received his speeches are evidences of the great uprising of the plain, common people all over the country in behalf of genuine bimetalism.

For what he did in behalf of Duluth and the whole Sixth district during the last session of congress, Mr. Towne should receive the vote of every citizen of St. Louis county. And we will have the support of the great majority of them, unless all signs fail.

There is not the slightest doubt that Congressman Towne will be re-elected. His majority—how high it may go. The indications are that it will be very large, greater than he secured two years ago.

And now the goldbug managers are wailing and wailing and wailing. They play the clown and the burlesque fair. They are silly, stupid and insane. They are disgusted by the Carlton county Republicans who were present.

George Fred Williams, the leader of the people's cause in Massachusetts, is a tramp. He is fighting the goldbugs in a style that deserves and probably will secure a splendid victory in November.

The corrupt Merriam machine and its candidate, David Clough, governor by accident, will meet their Waterloo on Nov. 3. The state house ring will be cleaned out by Governor Lind.

The corporation organ's love for the workingman is very great at present, but the workingmen of Duluth are well acquainted with its record and will not accept its unsolicited advice.

Mr. Towne will attend to the bluff made by the St. Paul Dispatch in a manner that will cause Bill Merriam's organ to wish that it had apologized at once.

One of the great goldbug dailies in Chicago has twenty-five reporters on its staff, every one of whom is going to vote for Bryan.

Judging from the crowds and enthusiasm with which Mr. Bryan was received at the St. Paul fair, it is safe to say that the thousands of "architects" in the "city of culture."

Why do not the New Haven authorities, who have the Yale hoodlums and send them to jail with other disorderly characters?

Even the Republicans now admit that Dave Clough is already beaten and that John Lind will be the next governor of Minnesota.

A repetition of Toole's clown act at Barnum would make Carlton county practically unanimous for the silver ticket.

The silver cause is marching on to victory, and every day witnesses additions to the ranks of its adherents.

The principal feature of the "campaign of education" conducted by the goldbugs is abuse.

The goldbug corruption fund will be expended liberally during October.

Page Morris is simply "not in it" with the people of the Sixth district.

The issue is American bimetalism or English monometallism.

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

A Glowing Report From New York State.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Col. William P. Stevenson, president and general manager, Sherman has accumulated a fortune of several millions, while drawing a salary of only \$5000 a year as senator, and he no longer collects the money power.

BRYAN A PATRIOT.
The Springfield Mass. Republican is an advocate of the gold standard, but it treats those who differ with it on this question with the utmost fairness. In this respect, it is singular among the gold organs. The Herald has not seen a goldbug paper the columns of which are not filled with abuse and misrepresentation of the silver cause and candidates—excepting the Springfield Republican.

In a recent issue the Republican said: "The Springfield Mass. Republican is an advocate of the gold standard, but it treats those who differ with it on this question with the utmost fairness. In this respect, it is singular among the gold organs. The Herald has not seen a goldbug paper the columns of which are not filled with abuse and misrepresentation of the silver cause and candidates—excepting the Springfield Republican."

Sixty days ago the goldbugs were shouting: "Wait until the campaign of education has done its work, and the silver cause will be popular. Well, the 'campaign of education' is going on, and what is the result? The silver cause is becoming as it never boomed before, gaining more strength every day, and the goldbugs demoralized, rattled and facing an overwhelming defeat on Nov. 3.

Vote to restore silver to its former place on an equality with gold as standard money; vote for advancing prices in place of falling prices for all products, including labor; vote to stop the covering of gold by London and Wall street money-lenders; vote for fair play for the farmer and producer; vote to abolish "hard times" in short, vote for Bryan and Towne, bimetalism and justice.

The demonstrations by the Eastern workmen in honor of Mr. Bryan, the

SCREWS TO BE TURNED.

To Secure More Labor Votes For Gold.

Canton, Ohio, dispatch to Cincinnati Enquirer: National Chairman M. A. Hanna has at last succeeded in getting the money barons in the East so thoroughly frightened that they will during the next few weeks of the campaign honor all and every demand he may make on them for financial aid. This is the one bright spot in the Canton perspective. The objection that Hanna is conducted here, is for the effect it will have on the country and on the vote of these people who cannot come to Canton. This was, as stated, the most side here and does not deceive any one. Being able, with the large amount of money at their command to flood the country with literature and so attract the unwary by the glitter of manufactured and gold-colored confusion of printed meetings.

East at this time, even though the Western fight required his closest attention, Hanna was not to be deterred. He is a man who employs labor, but the screws on their heads are being turned. He is working as smoothly as the national campaign expected. More force must be used with the workmen. There must be no more of the "let them eat cake" and "let them sleep in the stable" policy. The great railroad men of New York must be spurred on to greater efforts. It is a matter of rank and file. The Republicans here and around national headquarters at Chicago and New York must be urged to make the campaign in which M. E. Hughes, of Cincinnati, is carrying the campaign among the goldbugs will carry West Virginia and Old Virginia for us.

The Chesapeake and Ohio railroad is one of the trunk lines that traverse these states and this road has a powerful influence on the minds of the people. It is there, but it can refuse to give him transportation. The freight houses on the railroads are many of them to the coal miners. The freight houses on the coal trains bring a greater part of the news into the mining towns, and so the coal miners are being misled. Hanna is a man who employs labor, but the screws on their heads are being turned. He is working as smoothly as the national campaign expected. More force must be used with the workmen. There must be no more of the "let them eat cake" and "let them sleep in the stable" policy. The great railroad men of New York must be spurred on to greater efforts. It is a matter of rank and file. The Republicans here and around national headquarters at Chicago and New York must be urged to make the campaign in which M. E. Hughes, of Cincinnati, is carrying the campaign among the goldbugs will carry West Virginia and Old Virginia for us.

Even the Republicans now admit that Dave Clough is already beaten and that John Lind will be the next governor of Minnesota.

A repetition of Toole's clown act at Barnum would make Carlton county practically unanimous for the silver ticket.

The silver cause is marching on to victory, and every day witnesses additions to the ranks of its adherents.

The principal feature of the "campaign of education" conducted by the goldbugs is abuse.

The goldbug corruption fund will be expended liberally during October.

Page Morris is simply "not in it" with the people of the Sixth district.

The issue is American bimetalism or English monometallism.

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.
A Glowing Report From New York State.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Col. William P. Stevenson, president and general manager, Sherman has accumulated a fortune of several millions, while drawing a salary of only \$5000 a year as senator, and he no longer collects the money power.

BRYAN A PATRIOT.
The Springfield Mass. Republican is an advocate of the gold standard, but it treats those who differ with it on this question with the utmost fairness. In this respect, it is singular among the gold organs. The Herald has not seen a goldbug paper the columns of which are not filled with abuse and misrepresentation of the silver cause and candidates—excepting the Springfield Republican.

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Sixty days ago the goldbugs were shouting: "Wait until the campaign of education has done its work, and the silver cause will be popular. Well, the 'campaign of education' is going on, and what is the result? The silver cause is becoming as it never boomed before, gaining more strength every day, and the goldbugs demoralized, rattled and facing an overwhelming defeat on Nov. 3.

Vote to restore silver to its former place on an equality with gold as standard money; vote for advancing prices in place of falling prices for all products, including labor; vote to stop the covering of gold by London and Wall street money-lenders; vote for fair play for the farmer and producer; vote to abolish "hard times" in short, vote for Bryan and Towne, bimetalism and justice.

The demonstrations by the Eastern workmen in honor of Mr. Bryan, the

INSURGENT VICTORY.

Spanish Force Cut to Pieces By the Cubans.

New York, Sept. 28.—A special to the Herald from Havana, Cuba, says: Thirty-five Spanish volunteers, commanded by Lieut. Ramero, were surrounded by a superior force of insurgents as they were leaving the town of Quivicen, province of Havana. A desperate fight ensued, the Spaniards attacked by the Cubans, who were armed with rifles. Their efforts were without avail, but they did not cease fighting until twenty-three of their number were killed and four wounded. Among the killed were Lieut. Ramero and his adjutant. The insurgents reported that severe losses were inflicted on the rebels.

FUSION EXPECTED.
Grand Rapids, Minn., Sept. 28.—(Special.)—The advent of the Democratic and Populist delegations, with this morning to their legislative conventions at Aitkin, where fusion is expected.

OLD LEGISLATOR DEAD.
Huntington, W. Va., Sept. 28.—Hon. Thomas Hawkins, the oldest member of the West Virginia legislature, died today, aged 74 years.

WOOLEN MILLS RESUME.
Amesbury, Mass., Sept. 28.—The Hamilton wool mills, employing 300 operatives, started up this morning, pending after an alternate shut down aggregating fifty-five weeks.

COTTON CROP DAMAGED.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 28.—Reports from all sections of the state indicate that the cotton crop has been seriously damaged by heavy rains of Friday night and Saturday. Cotton was fall blown and hundreds of acres were washed clean.

MORE GOLD ENGAGED.
New York, Sept. 28.—The steamship Ly. Delagrange, from Havre, brought \$200,000 in gold, making the total engagements and arrivals to date \$44,745,500.

EXCHANGED FOR LEGAL TENDERS.
New York, Sept. 28.—The \$2,000,000 in gold which arrived on the steamship Ly. Delagrange, from Havre, was exchanged for legal tenders.

CHICAGO ORGANIST HONORED.
Chicago, Sept. 28.—The St. Cecilia academy at Rome, Italy, has elected Chicago Editor Edith E. Edwards, honorary member. William Stetson, of New York, is the only other American to have been so distinguished. Some of Mr. Edwards' notable triumphs were achieved on the Auditorium organ and in 1894, on the grand organ at the World's fair.

Make Ready...

The Period of the Great Dry Goods Event Speedily Approaches.

Be on the Alert

The announcement designating the date of the opening day will soon appear.

Formidable Features to be Prevalent

Fashion's Most Extreme Adoptions in Modern Dress Silks.

Art Achievements in Cloaks Representing the products of the California Dry Goods Company.

Sanitary Underwear and Hosiery. Standard Makes in Gloves.

Standard Makes in Linens, Etc.

Prices will be below your expectations.

The Day Approaches.

Howard & Haynie's Previous location. Watch and Wait.

JOHN LIND'S TRIUMPH.

There is No Doubt of His Election.

Minneapolis Times: Independent of the shoutings of political despots of all parties and the grimaces and contortions of harlequin upon the stump and the platform, the political situation in Minnesota today is summed up in the single word "triumph." There is no absolute certainty that either Bryan or McKinley will receive the electoral vote of the North Star state, and the partisans of each of these two excellent citizens will be for continuing to assert that their candidate is the favorite of the people.

As the situation in the state campaign, the supporters of John Lind have the strongest and most reasonable assurance to hope for the election of their candidate before the polls are opened. Since Alexander Ramsey defeated George L. Becker for chief executive of the new commonwealth in 1895.

A brief glance at the situation as it is shown by the facts of the campaign, will show that, unless he is blinded by so partisan zeal as to ignore the plain facts of the first place, every interest which has been harmed by the present administration of the state has been consolidated in the person of John Lind.

And how fortunate the political climate combined against the continuance of Republican misrule in Minnesota have been in the choice of their standard-bearer. Mr. Lind is equipped to carry out the policy of the state which has been the policy of the state since the election of 1895.

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ALEXANDER & SPEYERS. Agents. Room 400.
